# House File 377 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 377

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## A BILL FOR

| l An  | Act related to a commutation of sentence request from a    |
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| 2     | class "A" felon sentenced to life imprisonment without the |
| 3     | possibility of parole, establishing a life imprisonment    |
| 4     | review committee to make recommendations in the case of a  |
| 5     | minimum custody level applicant who has served at least    |
| 6     | twenty-five years in prison, with reconsideration of a     |
| 7     | sentence upon the governor's request or inaction, and      |
| 8     | providing expedited review in the case of an applicant's   |
| 9     | terminal illness and incapacitation.                       |
| 10 BE | IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:   |

Section 1. Section 902.1, subsection 1, Code 2021, is
amended to read as follows:

1. Upon a plea of guilty, a verdict of guilty, or a special 3 4 verdict upon which a judgment of conviction of a class "A" 5 felony may be rendered, the court shall enter a judgment of 6 conviction and shall commit the defendant into the custody of 7 the director of the Iowa department of corrections for the 8 rest of the defendant's life. Nothing Except as otherwise 9 provided in section 902.4A, nothing in the Iowa corrections 10 code pertaining to deferred judgment, deferred sentence, 11 suspended sentence, or reconsideration of sentence applies to 12 a class "A" felony, and a person. A defendant convicted of a 13 class "A" felony shall not be released on parole unless the 14 governor commutes the defendant's sentence to a term of years 15 or a district court reconsiders the defendant's sentence and 16 resentences the person into the custody of the director of the 17 department of corrections for the rest of the defendant's life 18 with the possibility of parole pursuant to section 902.2A or 19 902.4A.

20 Sec. 2. Section 902.2, Code 2021, is amended to read as 21 follows:

22 902.2 Commutation procedure for class "A" felons.

23 A person who has been sentenced to life imprisonment under 24 section 902.1 may, no more frequently than once every ten 25 years, make an application to the governor requesting that the 26 person's sentence be commuted to a term of years. The director 27 of the Iowa department of corrections may make a request to 28 the governor that a person's sentence be commuted to a term of 29 years at any time. Upon receipt of a request for commutation, 30 the governor shall, within thirty days of receipt of the 31 request, send a copy of the request to the Iowa board of parole 32 for investigation and along with recommendations as to whether 33 the person should be considered for receive commutation. The 34 Within one hundred twenty days of receipt of such request, the 35 board shall conduct an interview of the class "A" felon and

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1 shall make a report of its findings and recommendations to 2 the governor. Any decision to recommend commutation shall be 3 by a majority vote of the board. Notwithstanding any other 4 provision of this section to the contrary, after the first 5 twenty-five years of a person's sentence to life imprisonment 6 under section 902.1, if the person is, at the time of 7 application, classified as minimum security custody level, the 8 process for a request for commutation shall be as provided in 9 section 902.2A. Alternatively, an application for commutation 10 by or on behalf of any person sentenced to life imprisonment 11 under section 902.1 when the facts described in section 902.2B 12 exist shall be made and processed according to section 902.2B. 13 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 902.2A Life imprisonment review after 14 twenty-five years. 15 1. For the purposes of this section and section 902.4A: a. "Applicant" means a person convicted of a class 16 17 "A" felony and sentenced to life imprisonment without the 18 possibility of parole. "Committee" means the life imprisonment review committee 19 b. 20 established pursuant to this section. 21 c. "Victim" means the same as defined in section 915.10. 2. A life imprisonment review committee is established. 22 23 The purpose of the committee shall be to make commutation 24 recommendations to the governor and to facilitate 25 reconsideration by the district court regarding applicants 26 under this section. 27 The governor shall appoint five members to the committee, a. 28 at least one of whom is a member of a racial minority, and two 29 alternates to the committee. Committee members and alternates 30 may include representatives from the Iowa state chapter of the 31 national association for the advancement of colored people 32 or other organizations that advocate on behalf of racial or 33 ethnic minorities, community-based organizations as defined 34 in section 7D.15, organizations focused on the reentry 35 of incarcerated individuals, the department of workforce

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1 development, the department of public safety, the office of 2 the attorney general, and a judicial district department 3 of correctional services. Members may also include county 4 attorneys, defense attorneys, law enforcement officers, retired 5 judges, retired prison officials including wardens, deputy 6 wardens, and treatment directors, criminal justice researchers 7 and educators, and clergy.

8 b. Members shall serve four-year terms except for the terms 9 of the initial members, which shall be staggered so that at 10 least one of the members' terms expire each calendar year. A 11 member may serve up to two consecutive terms. The committee 12 shall elect a chairperson who shall serve a one-year term and 13 may be elected to two consecutive terms.

14 c. Decisions of the committee shall require a majority of 15 its members. Alternates shall be included in lieu of members 16 unable to participate so that committee deliberations always 17 include five members.

18 3. After the first twenty-five years of an applicant's 19 sentence to life imprisonment under section 902.1, an applicant 20 who is at the time of application classified as minimum 21 security custody level may, no more than once every three 22 years, make an application to the governor requesting that 23 the applicant's sentence be commuted to a term of years. The 24 three-year limitation shall be waived for a person submitting 25 an application under section 902.2B. Upon receipt of an 26 application, or upon a request for commutation from the 27 director of the Iowa department of corrections on behalf of 28 an applicant at any time, the governor shall, within thirty 29 days of receipt of the application or request, send a copy of 30 the application or request to the committee for investigation 31 and recommendation as to whether the applicant should 32 receive commutation. Notwithstanding any other provision 33 of law to the contrary, the governor may, before or after 34 receiving the recommendation of the committee, commute the 35 applicant's sentence to a term of years or the district court

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1 may resentence the applicant to life imprisonment with the 2 possibility of parole pursuant to section 902.4A.

4. Upon receipt of an application for commutation under this section, the committee shall conduct an investigation concerning the applicant and the factors specified in subsection 6. The department of corrections shall provide the committee with access to the applicant's case file. The committee shall consider information submitted by the applicant along with the applicant's case file, any recommendations and letters received on behalf of the applicant and any letters from any victim of the offense for which the applicant is incarcerated, and any other relevant information.

5. *a.* The committee shall set a date for a hearing, which shall occur no later than one hundred twenty days after the committee's receipt of the application for commutation, to determine whether to recommend the applicant for commutation. However, if the one-hundred-twenty-day limit would require more than two hearings in any calendar month, the committee may extend this limitation by consecutive thirty-day periods as necessary for the committee to hold no more than two hearings per month, in the order of the date an application is received and then, if necessary, in the order of greatest to least amount of time served.

*b.* The committee shall notify the applicant and any registered victim at least thirty days before the hearing date, and the applicant and the applicant's attorney, if any, shall have the right to be present for the hearing by videoconference.

*c.* The committee shall, within thirty days following the hearing, make a recommendation for or against commutation of the applicant's sentence, and shall forward its recommendation and report to the governor and to the board of parole. The committee's decision shall not be based upon the presence or absence of any single factor listed in subsection 6. The board of parole may, within thirty days of receipt of the committee's

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1 recommendation, notify the governor of any additional

2 recommendation in support of or contrary to the committee's 3 recommendation. Any recommendation shall be made by a majority 4 vote of the board of parole.

5 6. In determining whether to recommend commutation of
6 the applicant's sentence, the committee shall consider all
7 circumstances including but not limited to all of the following
8 factors:

9 a. Whether the applicant has performed acts that tend to 10 indicate rehabilitation, including but not limited to whether 11 the applicant participated in rehabilitative, educational, 12 or vocational programs, if available at the applicant's 13 classification level and facility, whether the applicant 14 utilized available materials for self-improvement, and whether 15 the applicant participated in other programs designed to 16 promote behavior change and to prepare offenders for successful 17 reentry into the community.

18 b. Whether the applicant's case file demonstrates that the 19 applicant shows respect for authority and has been deemed a 20 positive influence on others.

21 c. The applicant's disciplinary record in prison.
22 d. Family or community supports of the applicant, including
23 whether the applicant has maintained relationships with
24 persons outside of prison through letters, calls, or visits,
25 and whether the applicant has eliminated contact with persons
26 outside of prison who are currently involved in criminal
27 activity.

*e.* Whether a meaningful plan for housing and support is
in place if the applicant is released indicating that the
applicant can be a contributing and positive member of society. *f.* The applicant's education and employment history, before
and during incarceration, including employable skills for
self-support if and when released, and any references received
from persons who have served as work supervisors during the
applicant's period of incarceration.

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g. The circumstances of the applicant's crime, including
 the degree of participation by the applicant and the nature and
 severity of the crime, including any of the following:

4 (1) Whether the crime was committed while participating in 5 another felony.

6 (2) The number of victims.

7 (3) The heinous, brutal, cruel manner of the crime,8 including whether the crime involved torture.

9 h. Whether the applicant was convicted of murder pursuant to 10 felony murder or aiding and abetting murder provisions of law, 11 but did not directly commit the act of murder.

*i.* Whether the applicant's sentence of life without parole
was entered following a plea signed and accepted by all parties
in which the plea agreement recommended a different sentence. *j.* The level of compulsion, duress, influence, abuse, or
trauma, if any, exerted upon the applicant, but not to such an
extent as to constitute a defense.

18 k. The capacity of the applicant to appreciate the 19 criminality of the conduct, including whether the applicant's 20 ability to conform the applicant's conduct with the 21 requirements of the law was substantially impaired and any 22 intellectual or mental incapacity at the time of the crime.

I. The chronological age of an applicant who was twenty-five years of age or less at the time of the crime and the features of youth, including immaturity, impetuosity, and failure to appreciate risks and consequences; any familial or peer pressure that may have affected the applicant; and the competencies of youth including but not limited to the applicant's inability to deal with peace officers or the prosecution or the applicant's incapacity to assist the applicant's attorney in the applicant's defense.

32 *m*. The family and home environment that surrounded the 33 applicant prior to incarceration; adult support or supervision 34 in the applicant's childhood or youth; and any history of 35 psychological or physical trauma, domestic violence, or

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1 significant stress.

2 n. Whether the applicant has any cognitive limitations due 3 to mental illness, any developmental disability, intoxication 4 or the influence of a drug or controlled substance, or any 5 other factors that did not constitute a defense but influenced 6 the applicant's involvement in the crime.

7 o. The applicant's remorse and acceptance of responsibility.
8 p. The applicant's level of maturity, the likelihood of
9 the commission of further offenses by the applicant including
10 evidence that reflects whether age, time served, and diminished
11 physical or mental condition or terminal illness, if any, have
12 reduced the applicant's risk for future violence.

13 q. The impact of the crime on each victim through the use of 14 a victim impact statement, as defined in section 915.10. The 15 victim impact statement may include information relating to the 16 applicant's crime.

17 r. The impact of the crime on the community, including 18 evidence that circumstances have changed since the applicant's 19 original sentencing so that the applicant's continued 20 incarceration is no longer in the interest of justice.

21 s. The threat posed by the applicant to the safety of the 22 public or any particular person.

*t.* Whether the applicant's application is supported by a
recommendation from one or more of the following persons:

25 (1) The director of the department of corrections.

26 (2) The chairperson of the Iowa board of parole.

27 (3) The warden from a prison where the applicant has been28 incarcerated.

29 7. Upon receipt of any report and recommendation from the 30 committee and the board of parole, the governor may commute 31 the applicant's sentence of life imprisonment without parole 32 to a term of years. Alternatively, the governor may deny the 33 commutation or take no action.

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34 8. Upon the expiration of three months after a35 recommendation by the committee in favor of commutation

1 was forwarded to the governor under this section, if the 2 governor has not taken any action on the application, the 3 committee shall, within thirty days of the expiration of the 4 three-month period, submit its recommendation and report, with 5 any associated recommendation or report from the board of 6 parole, to the district court in the county that originally 7 sentenced the applicant for reconsideration of the applicant's 8 sentence pursuant to section 902.4A. Alternatively, at any 9 time after receipt of any recommendation and report from the 10 committee, the governor may direct the committee to submit that 11 recommendation and report, with any associated recommendation 12 or report from the board of parole, within thirty days 13 after direction from the governor, to the district court for 14 reconsideration of the applicant's sentence pursuant to section 15 902.4A.

9. If the committee made a recommendation against commutation and the governor has not granted commutation, the committee shall send a summary report to the applicant within four months of its report stating the reasons for its recommendation against commutation.

10. An applicant whose life sentence has been commuted to a term of years not already fully served or who has been resentenced pursuant to section 902.4A shall be placed on the corrections continuum pursuant to chapter 901B, and the terms and conditions of parole, including violations, shall be subject to the procedures specified in chapters 906 and 908 and to rules adopted under those chapters for persons on parole. Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 902.2B Expedited review of class "A" pelony sentence upon terminal illness.

1. An application to the governor requesting that an applicant's sentence of life imprisonment under section 2902.1 be commuted to a term of years already served may be ande under this section by the applicant, a family member of the applicant, or any other personal representative of the applicant if the following circumstances exist:

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1 *a.* Any of the following:

2 (1) The applicant is terminally ill with an incurable
3 condition caused by an illness or disease that would produce
4 death within six months, as determined by a physician employed,
5 referred, or consulted by the department of corrections.

6 (2) The applicant is permanently medically incapacitated 7 with a medical condition including but not limited to due to 8 a coma, persistent vegetative state, brain death, ventilator-9 dependency, or loss of control of muscular or neurological 10 function, that renders the applicant permanently unable to 11 perform activities of basic daily living and that results in 12 the applicant requiring twenty-four-hour total care, provided 13 the incapacitation did not exist at the time of the applicant's 14 original sentencing.

15 b. The conditions under which the applicant may be released 16 do not pose a threat to public safety.

2. Within three business days of receipt of an application submitted under this section, the governor shall send a copy of the request to the board of parole, which shall, within within wenty days of receipt of the request, hold a hearing to determine whether these facts are established. The department of corrections shall provide the board of parole with access to the applicant's case file and relevant medical information. The board of parole shall, no later than ten business days after the hearing, determine whether the facts required under this section have been established and report its decision to the governor. The board's determination shall be by a majority vote.

3. Upon receipt of the board's report, the governor may commute the applicant's sentence of life imprisonment without al parole to a term of years. Alternatively, the governor may deny the commutation or take no action.

33 Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 902.4A Reconsideration of a class "A" 34 felony sentence.

35 1. Upon receipt of the report and recommendation of the

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1 committee as provided in section 902.2A, the district court, 2 in the county that originally sentenced the applicant, shall 3 order the applicant to be returned to the court, at which time 4 the court shall review the applicant's sentence and reaffirm 5 it or substitute a sentence of commitment of the applicant to 6 the custody of the director of the department of corrections 7 for the rest of the applicant's life with the possibility 8 of parole. Copies of the order to return the applicant to 9 the court shall be provided to the attorney for the state, 10 the applicant, and the applicant's attorney, if any. The 11 court's final order in the proceeding shall be delivered to the 12 applicant personally or by regular mail.

2. The court shall conduct a hearing to consider any
 evidence deemed appropriate by the court including but not
 limited to the factors set forth in section 902.2A.
 3. The court's decision to reaffirm or substitute a sentence

17 under this section is subject to appeal only for errors of law 18 or an abuse of discretion.

#### 19

#### EXPLANATION

20The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with21the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.

22 This bill relates to a commutation of sentence request from 23 a class "A" felon sentenced to life imprisonment without the 24 possibility of parole, establishes a life imprisonment review 25 committee to make recommendations in the case of a minimum 26 custody level applicant who has served at least 25 years in 27 prison, with reconsideration of a sentence upon the governor's 28 request or inaction, and provides an expedited review in the 29 case of an applicant's terminal illness and incapacitation. 30 Under current law, unless a defendant was under the age 31 of 18 at the time an offense was committed, upon a plea of 32 guilty, a verdict of guilty, or a special verdict upon which a 33 judgment of conviction of a class "A" felony may be rendered, 34 the court shall enter a judgment of conviction and shall commit 35 the defendant into the custody of the director of the Iowa

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1 department of corrections for the rest of the defendant's life.
2 A person convicted of a class "A" felony shall not be released
3 on parole unless the governor commutes the sentence to a term
4 of years.

5 The bill provides that a defendant convicted of a class "A" 6 felony shall not be released on parole unless the governor 7 commutes the defendant's sentence to a term of years or the 8 district court resentences the defendant into the custody of 9 the director of the department of corrections for the rest of 10 the defendant's life with the possibility of parole pursuant to 11 new Code section 902.2A or 902.4A.

Under current law, a person who has been sentenced to life imprisonment may, no more than once every 10 years, make an application to the governor requesting that the person's sentence be commuted to a term of years. The director of the Iowa department of corrections may make a request to the governor that a person's sentence be commuted to a term of years at any time.

19 The bill provides that, upon receipt of a request for 20 commutation, the governor shall, within 30 days of receipt 21 of the request, send a copy of the request to the Iowa board 22 of parole for investigation along with recommendations as to 23 whether the person should receive commutation. Within 120 24 days of receipt of such request, the board shall conduct an 25 interview of the class "A" felon and shall make a report of its 26 findings and recommendations to the governor. Any decision to 27 recommend commutation shall be by a majority vote of the board. 28 Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary in the 29 bill, after the first 25 years of a person's sentence to life 30 imprisonment, if the person is at the time of the application 31 classified as minimum security custody level, the process for a 32 request for commutation shall be as provided in Code section 33 902.2A (life imprisonment review after 25 years), created in 34 the bill. Alternatively, an application for commutation by or 35 on behalf of any person sentenced to life imprisonment when the

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1 facts described in Code section 902.2B (expedited review of 2 class "A" felony sentence upon terminal illness), created in 3 the bill, shall be made and processed according to that Code 4 section.

The bill establishes a life imprisonment review committee 5 6 to review life sentences after a person has served 25 years. 7 The bill defines "applicant" as a person convicted of a class 8 "A" felony and sentenced to life imprisonment without the 9 possibility of parole, "committee" as the life imprisonment 10 review committee established in the bill, and "victim" as a 11 person who has suffered physical, emotional, or financial harm 12 as the result of a public offense or a delinquent act, other 13 than a simple misdemeanor, committed in the state. "Victim" 14 also includes the immediate family members of a victim who 15 died or was rendered incompetent as a result of the offense or 16 who was under the age of 18 at the time of the offense. The 17 committee is established to make commutation recommendations 18 to the governor and facilitate reconsideration by the district 19 court regarding applicants. The bill provides provisions 20 relating to the composition of the committee and voting 21 requirements.

The bill provides that after the first 25 years of an applicant's sentence to life imprisonment, an applicant who is at the time of application classified as minimum security custody level may, no more than once every three years, make an application to the governor requesting that the applicant's restricted be commuted to a term of years. This three-year limitation shall be waived in the case of an applicant who is diagnosed with a terminal illness. Upon receipt of an application, or upon a request for commutation from the director of the Iowa department of corrections on behalf of an applicant at any time, the governor shall, within 30 days of receipt of the application or request, send a copy of the application or request to the committee for investigation and recommendation as to whether the applicant should

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1 receive commutation. Notwithstanding any other provision 2 of law to the contrary, the governor may, before or after 3 receiving the recommendation of the committee, commute the 4 applicant's sentence to a term of years or the district court 5 may resentence the applicant to life imprisonment with the 6 possibility of parole.

The bill provides that upon receipt of an application for 7 8 commutation, the committee shall conduct an investigation and 9 hold a hearing concerning the applicant and shall consider 10 the applicant's circumstances according to certain factors as ll provided in the bill. The committee shall set a date for a 12 hearing, which shall occur no later than 120 days after the 13 committee's receipt of the application for commutation unless 14 the 120-day limit would require more than two hearings in 15 any calendar month. The committee may extend this limit by 16 consecutive 30-day periods as necessary for the committee to 17 hold no more than two hearings per month. The committee shall, 18 within 30 days following the hearing, make a recommendation for 19 or against commutation of the applicant's sentence, and shall 20 forward its recommendation and report to the governor and to 21 the board of parole. The board of parole may, within 30 days 22 following the hearing, notify the governor of any additional 23 recommendations or reports in support of or contrary to the 24 committee's recommendation. Any recommendation shall be by a 25 majority vote of the board of parole.

The bill provides that upon receipt of any reports and recommendations from the committee and from the board of parole, the governor may commute the applicant's sentence of life imprisonment without parole to a term of years, deny the commutation, or take no action. Three months after a recommendation by the committee in favor of commutation was forwarded to the governor, if the governor has taken no action on the application, the committee shall, within 30 days of the expiration of the three-month period, submit any recommendations and reports to the district court in the county

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1 that originally sentenced the applicant for reconsideration 2 of the applicant's sentence pursuant to Code section 902.4A 3 (district court reconsideration of a class "A" felony 4 sentence), created in the bill. At any time after receipt of 5 a recommendation and report from the committee, the governor 6 may direct the committee to submit any recommendations and 7 reports, within 30 days after receiving direction from the 8 governor, to the district court for reconsideration of the 9 applicant's sentence. If the committee made a recommendation 10 against commutation and the governor denied or has not granted 11 commutation, the committee shall send a summary report to the 12 applicant within four months of its report accompanied by the 13 reasons for its recommendation against commutation.

The bill provides for an expedited review of class "A" felony sentences when an applicant has a terminal illness. An application to the governor requesting that a person's sentence of life imprisonment be commuted to a term of years already served may be made by an applicant, an applicant's family member, or any other personal representative of an applicant of the applicant is terminally ill with an incurable condition caused by an illness or disease as detailed in the bill and the conditions under which the applicant would be released do not pose a threat to public safety.

The bill provides that upon receipt of the report and recommendation of the committee, the district court, in the county that originally sentenced the applicant, shall order the applicant to be returned to the court, at which time the court shall review its previous sentence and reaffirm the sentence or substitute a sentence of commitment of the applicant to the custody of the director of the department of corrections for the rest of the applicant's life with the possibility of parole. The court shall conduct a hearing to consider any sevidence deemed appropriate by the court. The court shall base its determination on the evidence of those factors detailed in the bill. The court's decision to reaffirm or substitute

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1 a sentence is subject to appeal only for errors of law or an
2 abuse of discretion.