

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED June 30, 2022 and 2021 with REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

### June 30, 2022 and 2021

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### **Report of Independent Auditors**

To the Regents of the University of Michigan

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of WUOM/WVGR/WFUM-FM ("Michigan Radio"), which, as discussed in Note 1, consists of certain departments of the University of Michigan, which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and of cash flows for the years then ended, including the related notes to the financial statements (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Michigan Radio, which consists of certain departments of the University of Michigan, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Michigan Radio and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matters**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, Michigan Radio changed the manner in which it accounts for leases in 2022. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of Michigan Radio present only the net position, revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows of that portion of the financial reporting entity of the University of Michigan that is attributable to the transactions of Michigan Radio. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the University of Michigan as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its financial position or its cash



flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Michigan Radio's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



### Required Supplemental Information

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Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the accompanying management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 15 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

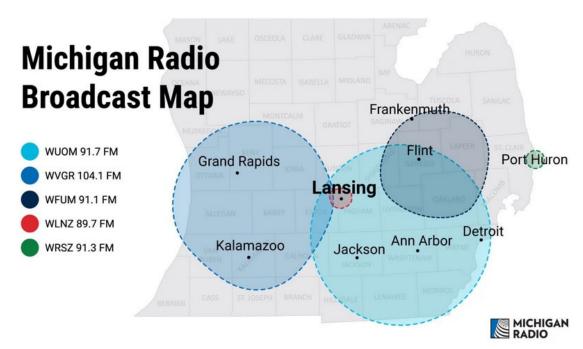
February 10, 2023

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)**

#### Introduction

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position of WUOM/WVGR/WFUM ("Michigan Radio") at June 30, 2022 and 2021 and its activities for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 2022. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto, which follow this section.

Michigan Radio is a network of public radio stations licensed by the Federal Communications Commission and operates under the control of the Regents of the University of Michigan (the "University"). Michigan Radio is a National Public Radio ("NPR") affiliate simulcasting news and information programming via five FM signals: 91.7 WUOM Ann Arbor/Detroit, 104.1 WGVR Grand Rapids, 91.1 WFUM Flint, 91.3 WRSX Port Huron and 89.7 WLNZ Lansing. Collectively, the signals span over 30 counties in the southern half of lower Michigan and are accessible by approximately 80 percent of the state's population. According to Spring 2022 research by Nielsen Audio National Regional Database (Persons 12+, Mon-Sun 6am-6am), approximately 900,000 people tune in to Michigan Radio's broadcasts each month.



Michigan Radio also distributes content via its news website MichiganRadio.org through live streaming, multimedia content and digital-first articles. Over the past year, the news website has garnered approximately 300,000 users and over 650,000 page views per month. Michigan Radio's digital online stream has an average of over 225,000 listeners per month streaming on

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

their computer, smartphone, smart speaker or via the Michigan Radio app. This digital streaming audience has increased by more than 25 percent compared to a year ago. In addition, Michigan Radio's content is shared widely on social media platforms, with over 115,000 combined fans/followers on Facebook, Twitter, Instagram and YouTube. Michigan Radio's digital streaming audience has increased by more than 29 percent during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Michigan Radio provides Michigan residents with a distinctive combination of national and local programming 24 hours a day, seven days per week. Michigan Radio carries popular national programs such as *Morning Edition* and *All Things Considered* from NPR, *BBC News Hour* from the British Broadcasting Corporation and *Marketplace* from American Public Media. Michigan Radio also produces its own daily, hour-long newsmagazine program, *Stateside*, which is in its tenth year covering Michigan news, policy issues and culture.

Michigan Radio generates award-winning local news coverage from its studios in Ann Arbor and news bureaus in Dearborn/Detroit, Grand Rapids, Lansing and Flint. Michigan Radio's journalists provide daily coverage of civically important issues in addition to breaking news and lifestyle stories.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Michigan Radio's financial position remains strong, with assets and deferred outflows of \$17.9 million and liabilities and deferred inflows of \$6.6 million at June 30, 2022, compared to assets and deferred outflows of \$16.9 million and liabilities and deferred inflows of \$6.3 million at June 30, 2021. Net position, which represents the residual interest in Michigan Radio's assets and deferred outflows after liabilities and deferred inflows are deducted, totaled \$11.3 million and \$10.6 million at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively. Changes in net position represent Michigan Radio's results of operations and are summarized for the years ended June 30 as follows:

	2022	2021	2020
		(in thousands)	
Operating revenues	\$ 3,119	\$ 2,688	\$ 2,854
Operating expenses	9,959	9,277	9,572
Operating loss	(6,840)	(6,589)	(6,718)
Private gifts for operating purposes	6,127	6,009	5,957
Other revenues, net	1,381	2,264	697
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 668	\$ 1,684	\$ (64)

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

During 2022, the University adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, *Leases* ("GASB 87"), which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases serve to finance the right to use an underlying asset. The statement requires lessees to recognize right-to-use assets and related liabilities, and lessors to recognize receivables and corresponding deferred inflows of resources, for leases that were previously classified as operating and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources. The adoption of GASB 87 has been reflected at the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements, or July 1, 2020, resulting in an increase to the following line items within Michigan Radio's statement of net position as of this date (in thousands):

Current portion of leases receivable	\$ 129
Leases receivable	\$ 282
Capital assets, net	\$ 775
Accounts payable	\$ 267
Leases payable	\$ 508
Deferred inflows	\$ 411

For purposes of management's discussion and analysis, comparative data for the statement of net position has been provided by reflecting the adoption of GASB 87 at June 30, 2020. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and the statement of cash flows presented for the year ended June 30, 2020 do not reflect the adoption of GASB 87.

### **Using the Financial Statements**

Michigan Radio's financial report includes three financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB principles.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

#### **Statement of Net Position**

The statement of net position presents the financial position of Michigan Radio at the end of the fiscal year and includes all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of Michigan Radio. The difference between total assets and deferred outflows as compared to total liabilities and deferred inflows – net position – is one indicator of the current financial condition of Michigan Radio, while the change in net position is an indication of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year. Michigan Radio's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position at June 30 are summarized as follows:

	2022	2021 (in thousands)	2020
Current assets	\$ 8,646	\$ 8,419	\$ 8,009
Noncurrent assets	8,384	7,542	6,321
Total assets	17,030	15,961	14,330
Deferred outflows	869	968	422
Current liabilities:			
Accrued compensation	465	493	428
Unearned revenue	193	179	157
Other current liabilities	160	362	343
Total current liabilities	818	1,034	928
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Obligations for postemployment benefits	4,132	4,248	3,423
Leases payable	171	242	508
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,303	4,490	3,931
Total liabilities	5,121	5,524	4,859
Deferred inflows	1,475	770	942
Net position	\$ 11,303	\$ 10,635	\$ 8,951

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

Current assets consist primarily of cash equivalents on deposit with the University, which totaled \$8.2 million and \$8.1 million at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Noncurrent assets consist primarily of endowment investments on deposit with the University, which totaled \$6.6 million and \$5.9 million at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, which totaled \$994,000 and \$1.3 million at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Noncurrent assets increased primarily due to the increase in Michigan Radio's investments on deposit with the University, which followed broader market returns, as well as an increase in leases receivable.

Deferred outflows represent the consumption of net assets attributable to a future period and are primarily driven by activity associated with the portion of the University's obligations for postemployment benefits allocated to Michigan Radio. Deferred outflows totaled \$869,000 and \$968,000 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Current liabilities consist primarily of accrued compensation and unearned revenue. Noncurrent liabilities consist primarily of the portion of the University's obligations for postemployment benefits allocated to Michigan Radio.

Deferred inflows represent the acquisition of net assets attributable to a future period and are related to activity associated with the portion of the University's obligations for postemployment benefits allocated to Michigan Radio, lessor arrangements and split-interest agreements. Deferred inflows totaled \$1.5 million and \$770,000 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, with the increase being primarily attributable to an increase in leases receivable.

Net position represents the residual interest in Michigan Radio's assets and deferred outflows after liabilities and deferred inflows are deducted. The composition of Michigan Radio's net position at June 30 is summarized as follows:

	2022	2021 (in thousands)	2020
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	\$ 762	\$ 774	\$ 862
Nonexpendable	856	658	442
Expendable	336	259	70
Unrestricted	9,349	8,944	7,577
	\$ 11,303	\$ 10,635	\$ 8,951

Net investment in capital assets represents Michigan Radio's capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and lease liabilities.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

Restricted nonexpendable net position represents the corpus portion (historical value) of gifts to Michigan Radio's permanent endowment funds. Restricted expendable net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations governing its use and includes net appreciation of permanent endowments.

Although unrestricted net position is not subject to externally imposed donor stipulations, Michigan Radio's unrestricted net position has been designated by management for various programs and initiatives, as well as capital projects.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents Michigan Radio's results of operations. In accordance with GASB reporting principles, revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Michigan Radio's revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30 are summarized as follows:

	2022	2021 (in thousands)	2020
Operating revenues	\$ 3,119	\$ 2,688	\$ 2,854
Operating expenses	9,959	9,277	9,572
Operating loss	(6,840)	(6,589)	(6,718)
Nonoperating and other revenues:			
Private gifts for other than capital and			
endowment purposes	6,127	6,009	5,957
Indirect administrative support	466	429	460
Net investment income	717	1,619	80
Endowment gifts	198	217	157
Other		(1)	
Nonoperating and other revenues	7,508	8,273	6,654
Increase (decrease) in net position	668	1,684	(64)
Net position, beginning of year	10,635	8,951	9,015
Net position, end of year	\$ 11,303	\$ 10,635	\$ 8,951

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

Michigan Radio's operating revenues for the years ended June 30 are as follows:

	2022	2021 (in thousands)	2020
Underwriting Corporation for Public Broadcasting grants Nongovernmental sponsored programs Trade Other	\$ 2,082 472 197 110 258	\$ 1,502 715 146 117 208	\$ 1,790 551 132 145 236
Other	\$ 3,119	\$ 2,688	\$ 2,854

Total operating revenues increased 16 percent, or \$431,000, to \$3.1 million in 2022, due in large part to increased underwriting activity. In 2022, underwriting revenue increased by 39 percent, or \$580,000, with the rebound of corporate sponsorship contracts after the COVID-19 pandemic cancellations that occurred in 2021. Corporation for Public Broadcasting ("CPB") grants decreased 34 percent, or \$243,000, due to \$277,000 of additional funding received in 2021 from the federal government as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act. Other operating revenue consists of tower and studio rental fees, premium sales, revenue from department activity, special events revenue and digital media sales.

Michigan Radio's most significant revenue stream continues to be private gifts for operating purposes, which increased 2 percent, or \$118,000, to \$6.1 million in 2022. When placed in the context of the economic climate of Michigan Radio's listening area and the overall trend of declining membership nationwide, the small increase in this revenue stream during 2022 is an accomplishment. Net investment income totaled \$717,000 and \$1.6 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, largely due to unrealized gains on investments.

Indirect administrative support represents an allocation of costs from certain central University units that provide services to Michigan Radio and is reflected as both nonoperating revenue and indirect operating expense.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

Michigan Radio's operating expenses for the years ended June 30 are summarized as follows:

	2022	<b>2021</b> (in thousands)	2020
Direct:			
Programming and production	\$ 5,285	\$ 5,052	\$ 4,974
Engineering	639	575	645
Development	2,462	2,190	2,456
Management and general	1,107	1,031	1,037
	9,493	8,848	9,112
Indirect:			
Programming and production	259	244	251
Engineering	31	28	33
Development	121	106	124
Management and general	55	51	52
	466	429	460
Total operating expenses	\$ 9,959	\$ 9,277	\$ 9,572

Total operating expenses increased 7 percent, or \$682,000, to \$10.0 million in 2022. The increase in 2022 included an increase in direct expenses of 7 percent, or \$645,000, due primarily to an increase in activity associated with a return to normal spending levels from mandated COVID-19 restraints in 2021. Notable increases in direct expense activity during 2022 included \$433,000 in salaries and \$117,000 in supplies associated with a return to in person working arrangements during the current year. Indirect administrative support fluctuates each year and is determined based upon a percentage of overall University expenses. This allocation is reflected as both indirect operating expense and nonoperating revenue and, therefore, has no impact on the change in net position.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

The statement of cash flows provides additional information about Michigan Radio's financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash. Michigan Radio's cash flows for the years ended June 30 are summarized as follows:

	2022	2021	2020
		(in thousands)	
Cash received from operations	\$ 2,973	\$ 2,573	\$ 2,838
Cash expended for operations	(8,936)	(8,043)	(8,719)
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,963)	(5,470)	(5,881)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	6,323	6,229	6,171
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(276)	(282)	(129)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	21	(21)	(568)
Net increase (decrease) in cash equivalents	105	456	(407)
Cash equivalents, beginning of year	8,120	7,664	8,071
Cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 8,225	\$ 8,120	\$ 7,664

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

### **Economic Factors That May Affect the Future**

To meet future challenges, Michigan Radio must consider many influences outside its control. The health of the national, state, and local economies, for example, can have a significant impact on funding available for public radio from a broad range of sources, including individual giving, corporate and federal sponsors, and the CPB.

Membership revenue, Michigan Radio's most significant source of revenue, is a critical dependency. Recent trends are emerging in public media fundraising at large, pointing to challenges in maintaining the longstanding performance expectations for on-air fund drives and the concept of individual membership with a public media station. In addition, the ability to command and deliver reliable predictions of individual giving revenue is being impacted, with results diluted by changes in media consumption usage and habits, economic headwinds, and a new competitive landscape for raising funds to support journalism.

Supporting a public radio organization through membership finds less appeal in demographics under the age of 40 and among millennials as they emerge with their economic standing in the country. Simultaneously, the demographic divide regarding support for philanthropy is apparent in all non-profit sectors, including higher education and public radio. While Michigan Radio assesses its membership revenue goals and adaptive revenue-generating approaches from year to year, it is also transitioning from conventional giving methods to emerging digital landscape trends. Younger demographics listen online and often prefer to listen to podcasts on their schedules. This demographic likes to give to individual programs specifically rather than a public radio station entity. Many millennials are becoming more likely to consume public radio content through an audio stream, either in earbuds or through the rapid adoption of smart speakers. The challenge of converting their digital content consumption of news and information to a contribution-supported model is an industry issue.

Michigan Radio has to navigate the path of building awareness and adoption with younger listeners with different and distinct consumption preferences and whose usage patterns contrast with the longer-established listeners who still find conventional giving methods acceptable and comfortable. Recently, the NPR Network began to forge relationships with digital users of its website and app content. The NPR Network donation option will allow NPR digital audiences to support the shared mission with its member stations by choosing to donate either to their station or to the NPR Network. It is designed to convert digital-first users who do not yet have a relationship with a local station and may not otherwise make a gift. While this plan may present an opportunity for the donor to support a local station, such as Michigan Radio, the realistic and trend-driven concern at the station level is that donor relationships will be established directly with NPR. How this practice may benefit the local member station is still a vague and untested concept.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

The Community Service Grant from the CPB is a significant funding source for Michigan Radio. Federal funding enables local public radio stations to maintain their roles as local service providers of vital information and public service. Advanced funding for public broadcasting protects local station autonomy, encourages independence in programming decisions, and affords stations with a critical measure of certainty in their business planning. Despite implementing an adjustment in the grant's formula and criteria, which has caused the CPB to favor stations smaller than Michigan Radio, our recent revenue filing from all total station revenue has allowed our allocation to grow year over year not including the additional funding received from the federal government as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act in 2021.

The strength of Michigan Radio's programming is supported primarily by membership fundraising campaigns and corporate underwriting sponsorship. The continued growth in membership acquisition, particularly with sustainers, and the development of audience listenership and digital content consumers are essential foundations to build on as Michigan Radio looks to provide the revenue needed to support its operating and capital programs. Corporate Sponsorship revenue rebounded in this fiscal year to a near-time high following the negative impact of the COVID-19 economy on businesses across all categories in the prior year. The surge, while encouraging, will be subject to the economic conditions of high inflation influencing purchasing decisions on marketing campaigns going forward.

In keeping with its strategic plan, Michigan Radio has successfully diversified revenue streams and managed costs to meet the challenges of the current economic environment. Michigan Radio's efforts with secondary revenue streams have generated encouraging results. Our established vehicle donation program income is growing with strong momentum during the current economic environment due to the used car marketplace's appeal. Another revenue-generating program, domestic and international donor travel, will return in 2023 with plans for three separate destination trips for listeners. The return and welcomed reception by supporters of these trips invite us to consider a more active and robust schedule of trips to meet the demand of these Michigan Radio-branded travel destinations hosted by station personalities and key management team members. In addition, Michigan Radio is focusing its resources on donor cultivation for major gifts, endowment programs, and planned giving. We are upgrading the caliber and level of personnel dedicated to major donor stewardship, focusing on defined needs and projects that will expand our journalism-focused news organization's resources and capability. This pivot to more significant gifts and active engagement with identified donors of capacity will provide an effort-based success path to future viability in the individual giving space.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)—Continued

The COVID-19 pandemic and related actions taken by federal and state governments in response may materially impact Michigan Radio's financial position and its results of operations. While Michigan Radio continues to design and execute plans to mitigate these risks, the extent of the impact will depend on future developments beyond its control, including the overall duration and spread of the outbreak, and cannot be fully determined at this time.

While it is not possible to predict the ultimate results, management believes that Michigan Radio's financial condition will remain strong.

### **Statement of Net Position**

	June 30,	
	2022	2021
Assets		_
Current Assets:		
Cash equivalents on deposit with the University	\$ 8,225,317	\$ 8,120,087
Accounts receivable, net	186,827	142,522
Current portion of leases receivable	132,507	80,200
Prepaid expenses and other	72,096	41,980
Premium inventory	30,071	34,528
Total Current Assets	8,646,818	8,419,317
Noncurrent Assets:		
Endowment investments on deposit with the University	6,594,496	5,899,843
Leases receivable	565,941	201,928
Other	228,742	157,678
Capital assets, net	994,360	1,282,619
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,383,539	7,542,068
Total Assets	17,030,357	15,961,385
Deferred Outflows	869,000	968,000
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Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:	00.502	200.142
Accounts payable	88,583	289,142
Accrued compensation	465,437	493,366
Unearned revenue	193,175	178,517
Current portion of obligations for postemployment benefits	71,000	73,000
Total Current Liabilities	818,195	1,034,025
Noncurrent Liabilities:	150,000	242.206
Leases payable	170,888	242,296
Obligations for postemployment benefits	4,132,000	4,248,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,302,888	4,490,296
Total Liabilities	5,121,083	5,524,321
Deferred Inflows	1,475,428	770,524
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	762,453	774,369
Restricted:	•	
Nonexpendable	855,806	658,055
Expendable	335,651	258,697
Unrestricted	9,348,936	8,943,419
Total Net Position	\$ 11,302,846	\$ 10,634,540

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year End 2022	led June 30, 2021
Operating Revenues		
Underwriting	\$ 2,082,441	\$ 1,502,223
Corporation for Public Broadcasting grants	471,647	714,878
Nongovernmental sponsored programs	196,613	146,373
Trade	109,730	116,705
Rental income	145,713	138,915
Premium sales	43,102	40,912
Other	69,716	27,686
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	3,118,962	2,687,692
Operating Expenses		
Program Services:		
Programming and production	5,543,582	5,297,348
Engineering	670,375	603,221
Total Program Services	6,213,957	5,900,569
Supporting Services:		
Development	2,582,385	2,295,794
Management and general	1,162,171	1,080,863
Total Supporting Services	3,744,556	3,376,657
Total Operating Expenses	9,958,513	9,277,226
Operating Loss	(6,839,551)	(6,589,534)
Nonoperating Revenues		
Private gifts for other than capital and endowment purposes	6,127,330	6,009,828
Indirect administrative support from the University	465,593	429,357
Net investment income	716,840	1,618,475
<b>Total Nonoperating Revenues</b>	7,309,763	8,057,660
Income Before Other Revenues	470,212	1,468,126
Other Revenues (Expenses)		
Private gifts for permanent endowment purposes	197,750	216,600
Other	344	(1,382)
Total Other Revenues, Net	198,094	215,218
Increase in Net Position	668,306	1,683,344
Net Position, Beginning of Year	10,634,540	8,951,196
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 11,302,846	\$ 10,634,540

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

	Year Ended June 30,	
	2022	2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	0.074.000	h 1 10= 01=
Underwriting	\$ 2,056,822	\$ 1,497,945
Corporation for Public Broadcasting grants	471,647	714,878
Nongovernmental sponsored programs	192,585	156,809
Rental income	139,278	135,286
Premium sales	43,102	40,912
Other receipts	69,716	27,686
Payments for salaries and benefits	(5,886,300)	(5,340,375)
Payments for program rights	(1,627,342)	(1,611,802)
Payments for operating and administrative expenses	(1,422,919)	(1,090,562)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(5,963,411)	(5,469,223)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Private gifts	6,323,501	6,229,077
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	6,323,501	6,229,077
Net Cash Frovided by Noncapital Financing Activities	0,525,501	0,229,077
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchases of capital assets and other	4,368	(9,930)
Principal and interest payments on lease liabilities	(280,369)	(272,498)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(276,001)	(282,428)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Investment income	218,891	197,016
Purchases of investments	(197,750)	(218,047)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	21,141	(21,031)
Net Cash Frovided by (Osed in) Investing Activities	21,141	(21,031)
Net Increase in Cash Equivalents	105,230	456,395
Cash Equivalents on Deposit with the University, Beginning of Year	8,120,087	7,663,692
Cash Equivalents on Deposit with the University, End of Year	\$ 8,225,317	\$ 8,120,087

### **Statement of Cash Flows—Continued**

	Year Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in	\$ (6,839,551)	\$ (6,589,534)	
operating activities:			
Indirect administrative support	465,593	429,357	
Depreciation expense	288,259	368,737	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	(44,305)	(15,241)	
Leases receivable	(416,320)	129,064	
Prepaid expenses	(28,537)	5,949	
Premium inventory	4,457	6,292	
Accounts payable and other	4,379	16,146	
Accrued compensation	(27,929)	65,301	
Unearned revenue	14,658	21,399	
Obligations for postemployment benefits	(118,000)	829,000	
Changes in deferred outflows	99,000	(546,000)	
Changes in deferred inflows	634,885	(189,693)	
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ (5,963,411)	\$ (5,469,223)	

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2022 and 2021

### Note 1—Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Basis of Presentation: WUOM/WVGR/WFUM ("Michigan Radio") is a public telecommunications entity licensed by the Federal Communications Commission and operates under the control of the Regents of the University of Michigan (the "University") through its Michigan Public Media unit. Collectively known as Michigan Radio, this network of three public radio stations includes WUOM Ann Arbor (91.7 FM, 93 KW), WVGR Grand Rapids (104.1 FM, 96 KW) and WFUM Flint (91.1 FM, 17.5 KW). Michigan Radio broadcasts national and local news and information programming 24 hours a day to most of the southern two-thirds of the state of Michigan's lower peninsula, from its studios in Ann Arbor and news bureaus in Dearborn/Detroit, Grand Rapids, Lansing and Flint.

The assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues, expenses and changes in net position of Michigan Radio are included in the consolidated financial statements of the University. As part of the University, Michigan Radio is exempt from income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Sections 501(c)(3) and 115.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). Michigan Radio reports as a special purpose government entity engaged primarily in business type activities, as defined by GASB, on the accrual basis. Business type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

During 2022, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* ("GASB 87"), which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases serve to finance the right to use an underlying asset. The statement requires lessees to recognize right-to-use assets and related liabilities, and lessors to recognize receivables and corresponding deferred inflows of resources, for leases that were previously classified as operating and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources. The adoption of GASB 87 has been reflected at the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements, or July 1, 2020, resulting in an increase to the following line items within Michigan Radio's statement of net position as of this date:

Current portion of leases receivable	\$ 129,064
Leases receivable	\$ 282,128
Capital assets, net	\$ 775,510
Accounts payable	\$ 267,260
Leases payable	\$ 508,250
Deferred inflows	\$ 411,192

#### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

### Note 1—Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Net position is categorized as:

- Net investment in capital assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and lease liabilities.
- Restricted:

Nonexpendable – Net position subject to externally imposed stipulations that it be maintained permanently. Such net position includes the corpus portion (historical value) of gifts to Michigan Radio's permanent endowment funds and certain investment earnings stipulated by the donor to be reinvested permanently.

<u>Expendable</u> – Net position subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of Michigan Radio pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time. Such net position includes net appreciation of Michigan Radio's permanent endowment funds that have not been stipulated by the donor to be reinvested permanently.

Unrestricted: Net position not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net
position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of
Regents.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: Michigan Radio considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents represent investments in the University Investment Pool ("UIP"), a short-term commingled pool managed by the University that can be readily liquidated to pay contractual liabilities.

Accounts receivable are recorded net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable. The allowance is maintained at a level to absorb losses inherent in accounts receivables. Management determines the adequacy of the allowance by estimating uncollectability based on recent loss experience. Actual losses may vary from those projected amounts.

Prepaid expenses consist primarily of costs incurred for programs not yet broadcast and relate to program rights acquired by Michigan Radio that will be broadcast subsequent to June 30, as well as membership/association dues for subsequent months after June 30.

Premium inventory consists of promotional items held for distribution to the general public in exchange for membership contributions. Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market on a first-in-first-out basis.

#### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

### Note 1—Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Endowment investments on deposit with the University represent investments in the University Endowment Fund ("UEF"), a commingled pool which is invested entirely in the Long-Term Portfolio, a diversified, equity-oriented investment pool managed by the University. The fair market value of UEF shares is determined at the end of each calendar quarter based on the fair value of the pool. Participants may purchase or redeem UEF shares at fair market value at each valuation date, subject to minimum holding and notice requirements.

Other assets consist of items donated to Michigan Radio including the cash surrender value of a life insurance policy and beneficial interests associated with split-interest agreements.

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at acquisition value at the date of donation. Depreciation of capital assets is provided on a straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, which generally range from three to forty years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the related lease term. Right-to-use assets are recorded at the present value of payments expected to be made during the related term using discount rates which are based upon the University's incremental borrowing rates, and are depreciated over the shorter of the related term or the expected useful life of the underlying asset.

Deferred outflows represent the consumption of net assets attributable to a future period and are associated with obligations for postemployment benefits.

Accrued compensation consists of amounts earned for services performed that will be paid in the future and accumulated staff vacation days that will be taken after June 30.

Unearned revenue consists primarily of cash received from grant and underwriting sponsors which has not yet been earned under the terms of the agreement.

Deferred inflows represent the acquisition of net assets attributable to a future period and are associated with obligations for postemployment benefits, lessor arrangements and split-interest agreements.

#### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

### Note 1—Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Underwriting revenue is received from corporate sponsors, non-profit organizations, university departments and units for on-air credit announcements, web streaming introductions and web tile squares placed on MichiganRadio.org. Michigan Radio recognizes underwriting revenue as credits are aired, deferring any revenue related to unaired credits.

Community service and other grants are received from the Corporation for Public Broadcasting, a private, non-profit corporation that provides funding for public radio and television programming.

Trade revenue results from in-kind barter-type agreements with outside organizations which provide goods and services in exchange for on-air credit announcements. Trade revenue and related expenses approximate the fair value of the transactions.

Rental income primarily results from rent received from leasing access to two of Michigan Radio's towers as well as from studio rental.

Indirect administrative support from the University consists of allocated finance, human resources, development, technology, sponsored programs and other administrative costs. This support is reflected as nonoperating revenue and operating expense as incurred in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

The costs of providing various activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the program and supporting activities using the objective basis, percentage of expenses.

Michigan Radio's policy for defining operating activities as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position are those that generally result from exchange transactions such as payments received for providing services and payments made for services or goods received. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operations are recorded as nonoperating revenues, as defined by GASB, including private gifts, indirect administrative support from the University and investment income.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

#### **Note 2—Cash Equivalents and Investments**

The University maintains centralized management for substantially all cash and investments of Michigan Radio. Cash reserves and relatively short duration assets are invested in the UIP, while longer term assets held in the UEF are invested in the University's Long-Term Portfolio. The UIP is principally invested in investment-grade money market securities, U.S. government and other fixed income securities and absolute return strategies. The longer investment horizon of the University's Long-Term Portfolio allows for an equity-oriented strategy to achieve higher expected returns over time, and permits the use of less liquid alternative investments, providing for equity diversification beyond the stock markets.

The UEF consists of both permanent endowments and funds functioning as endowment. Permanent endowments are those funds received from donors with the stipulation that the principal remain intact and be invested in perpetuity to produce income that is to be expended for the purposes specified by the donors. Funds functioning as endowment consist of amounts (restricted gifts or unrestricted funds) that have been allocated by Michigan Radio for long-term investment purposes, but are not limited by donor stipulations requiring Michigan Radio to preserve principal in perpetuity.

The University's investment policies are governed and authorized by University Bylaws and the Board of Regents. The approved asset allocation policy for the Long-Term Portfolio, in which the UEF invests, sets general targets for both equities and fixed income securities. Since diversification is a fundamental risk management strategy, the Long-Term Portfolio is broadly diversified within these general categories. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Long-Term Portfolio consisted of cash equivalents (2 percent and 2 percent), fixed income securities (6 percent and 5 percent), U.S. and non-U.S. equities (3 percent and 4 percent), commingled funds (15 percent and 18 percent), and nonmarketable alternative investments (74 percent and 71 percent).

Commingled (pooled) funds held in the Long-Term Portfolio include Securities and Exchange Commission regulated mutual funds and externally managed funds, limited partnerships and corporate structures which are generally unrated and unregulated. Commingled funds have liquidity (redemption) provisions, which enable the University to make full or partial withdrawals with notice, subject to restrictions on timing and amount. Commingled funds are primarily invested in non-U.S./global equities and absolute return strategies, but also include exposure to domestic fixed income and equity securities. Certain commingled funds may use derivatives, short positions and leverage as part of their investment strategy; however, these investments are structured to limit the University's risk exposure to the amount of invested capital.

#### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

### Note 2—Cash Equivalents and Investments—Continued

Nonmarketable alternative investments held in the Long-Term Portfolio consist of limited partnerships and similar vehicles involving an advance commitment of capital called by the general partner as needed and distributions of capital and return on invested capital as underlying strategies are concluded during the life of the partnership. These limited partnerships include venture capital, private equity, real estate, natural resources and absolute return strategies. There is not an active secondary market for these alternative investments, which are generally unrated and unregulated, and the liquidity of these investments is dependent on actions taken by the general partner.

The Long-Term Portfolio holds investments denominated in foreign currencies and forward foreign exchange contracts used to manage the risk related to fluctuations in currency exchange rates between the time of purchase or sale and the actual settlement of foreign securities. Various investment managers acting for the University also use forward foreign exchange contracts in risk-based transactions to carry out their portfolio strategies. Foreign exchange risk is the risk that investments denominated in foreign currencies may lose value due to adverse fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies. The Long-Term Portfolio's non-U.S. dollar exposure amounted to 8 percent and 9 percent of the portfolio at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The University's investment strategy incorporates certain financial instruments that involve, to varying degrees, elements of market risk and credit risk in excess of amounts recorded in the financial statements. Market risk is the potential for changes in the value of financial instruments due to market changes, including interest and foreign exchange rate movements and fluctuations embodied in forwards, futures and commodity or security prices. Market risk is directly impacted by the volatility and liquidity of the markets in which the underlying assets are traded. Credit risk is the possibility that a loss may occur due to the failure of a counterparty to perform according to the terms of the contract. The University's risk of loss in the event of a counterparty default is typically limited to the amounts recognized in the statement of net position and is not represented by the contract or notional amounts of the instruments.

Michigan Radio receives quarterly distributions from the UEF based on the University's endowment spending rule. The annual distribution rate is 4.5 percent of the one-quarter lagged seven year moving average fair value of fund shares. To protect endowment principal in the event of a prolonged market downturn, distributions are limited to 5.3 percent of the current fair value of fund shares. Monthly distributions are also made from the UIP to Michigan Radio based on the 90-day U.S. Treasury Bill rate. The University's costs to administer and grow the UEF and UIP are funded by investment returns.

#### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

### Note 2—Cash Equivalents and Investments—Continued

Withdrawals may be made from the UIP on a daily basis. Withdrawals from the UEF are processed at the beginning of each quarter, based upon University policy, generally after a five-year investment period. Minimum advance notice to the University is based upon the amount of the withdrawal and is summarized as follows:

Withdrawal Amount	Minimum Advance Notice
Up to \$10 million	90 days
\$10 to \$50 million	180 days
\$50 to \$100 million	1 year
\$100 million	2 years

GASB defines fair value and establishes a framework for measuring fair value that includes a three-tiered hierarchy of valuation inputs, placing a priority on those which are observable in the marketplace. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity and unobservable inputs reflect the entity's own assumptions about how market participants would value an asset or liability based on the best information available. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. The three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date
- Level 2 Other significant observable inputs, either direct or indirect, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable; or market corroborated inputs
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs

A significant portion of the underlying investments of the University's commingled pools include nonmarketable alternative investments and certain commingled funds described earlier in this note that are priced by managers using net asset value. The proprietary valuation techniques and unobservable pricing assumptions used by these managers to estimate fair value may have a significant impact on the resulting fair value determination of these investments. However, Michigan Radio uses Level 2 inputs to measure the fair value of its investments in the University's commingled pools described in Note 1 and within this note, since shares may be purchased or sold subject to holding and notice requirements at the fair market values determined by the University.

### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

### **Note 3—Accounts Receivable**

The composition of accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized as follows:

	2022	2021
Underwriting Less allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable	\$ 187,976 1,149	\$ 149,146 6,624
	\$ 186,827	\$ 142,522

### **Note 4—Capital Assets**

Capital assets activity for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized as follows:

	2022				
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	
Land	\$ 290,238			\$ 290,238	
Transmitter, tower and equipment	2,197,743		\$ 10,545	2,187,198	
Leasehold improvements	1,665,493			1,665,493	
Right-to-use assets	775,510			775,510	
	4,928,984		10,545	4,918,439	
Less accumulated depreciation	3,646,365	\$ 288,259	10,545	3,924,079	
	\$ 1,282,619	\$ (288,259)	\$ -	\$ 994,360	

2021					
Beginning		Ending			
Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance		
\$ 290,238			\$ 290,238		
2,229,162	\$ 13,786	\$ 45,205	2,197,743		
1,665,493			1,665,493		
775,510			775,510		
4,960,403	13,786	45,205	4,928,984		
3,322,833	368,737	45,205	3,646,365		
\$ 1,637,570	\$ (354,951)	\$ -	\$ 1,282,619		
	\$ 290,238 2,229,162 1,665,493 775,510 4,960,403 3,322,833	Beginning Balance  \$ 290,238 2,229,162 1,665,493 775,510 4,960,403 3,322,833 368,737	Beginning Balance         Additions         Retirements           \$ 290,238         \$ 2,229,162         \$ 13,786         \$ 45,205           \$ 1,665,493         \$ 775,510         \$ 4960,403         \$ 13,786         \$ 45,205           \$ 3,322,833         \$ 368,737         \$ 45,205         \$ 45,205		

#### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

### **Note 5—Postemployment Benefits**

Michigan Radio participates in the University's postemployment benefits plan which provides retiree health and welfare benefits; primarily medical, prescription drug, dental and life insurance coverage, to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. Substantially all of Michigan Radio's regular employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while working for Michigan Radio. For employees retiring on or after January 1, 1987, contributions toward health and welfare benefits are shared between Michigan Radio and the retiree and can vary based on date of hire, date of retirement, age and coverage elections.

The University also provides income replacement benefits, retirement savings contributions, and health and life insurance benefits to substantially all regular Michigan Radio employees who are enrolled in a University sponsored long-term disability plan and qualify, based on disability status while working for Michigan Radio, to receive basic or expanded long-term disability benefits. Contributions toward the expanded long-term disability plan are shared between Michigan Radio and employees and vary based on years of service, annual base salary and coverage elections. Contributions toward the basic long-term disability plan are paid entirely by Michigan Radio.

These postemployment benefits are provided through single-employer plans administered by the University. The Executive Vice Presidents of the University have the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plans.

Actuarial projections of postemployment benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided and announced future changes at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The University's reported liability for postemployment benefits obligations was calculated using the entry age normal level percent of pay method. Michigan Radio's annual postemployment benefits expense and liability represents an allocation of Michigan Radio's relative share of the University's expense and liability, based on the method in which the retiree benefits are funded. The funding method is based upon a percentage of salary dollars of active employees that qualify for retiree benefits.

#### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

### **Note 5—Postemployment Benefits—Continued**

Changes in the reported total liability for Michigan Radio's postemployment benefits obligations for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are summarized as follows:

	2022	2021
	<b>* * * * * *</b> * * * * * * * * * * * *	<b>** * *</b> * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 4,321,000	\$ 3,492,000
Net benefits expense	206,000	228,000
(Decrease) increase in deferred outflows	(99,000)	544,000
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows	(225,000)	57,000
Balance, end of year	4,203,000	4,321,000
Less current portion	71,000	73,000
	\$ 4,132,000	\$ 4,248,000

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, deferred outflows reported in the statement of net position included benefit payments made after the measurement date of \$57,000 and \$57,000, respectively. Michigan Radio has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when insurance premiums or claims are due for payment and currently pays for postemployment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Michigan Radio's reported postemployment benefits obligations at June 30, 2022 and 2021 as a percentage of covered payroll of \$4,367,747 and \$3,944,038 were 96 percent and 110 percent, respectively.

Significant actuarial assumptions used at the June 30, 2021 and 2020 measurement dates are as follows:

	2021	2020
Discount rate*	2.16%	2.21%
Inflation rate Immediate/ultimate administrative trend rate	2.00% 0.0%/3.0%	2.00% 0.0%/3.0%
Immediate/ultimate medical trend rate Immediate/ultimate Rx trend rate Impressed in communication rate fooulty/ateff/ration	6.0%/4.5% 7.0%/4.5% 4.5%/4.75%/3.75%	6.0%/4.5% 7.25%/4.5% 0.0%/0.0%/3.75%
Increase in compensation rate faculty/staff/union Mortality table**	PUB-2010 Teachers Head	PUB-2010 Teachers Head
Average future work life expectancy (years): Retiree health and welfare	Count Table, Scale MP-2020 8.81	Count Table, Scale MP-2019 9.04
Long-term disability	11.16	11.46

<sup>\*</sup> Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Municipal Bond Index as of the last publication of the measurement period

<sup>\*\*</sup> Based on the University's study of mortality experience from 2015-2019

#### **Notes to Financial Statements—Continued**

#### Note 6—Retirement Plan

Michigan Radio participates in the University's retirement plan, a defined contribution retirement plan through TIAA and Fidelity Management Trust Company ("FMTC") mutual funds. All staff are eligible to participate in the plan based upon age and service requirements. Participants maintain individual contracts with TIAA, or accounts with FMTC, and are fully vested.

For payroll covered under the plan, eligible employees generally contribute 5 percent of their pay and Michigan Radio generally contributes an amount equal to 10 percent of employees' pay to the plan. Michigan Radio's contribution commences after an employee has completed one year of employment. Participants may elect to contribute additional amounts to the plan within specified limits that are not matched by Michigan Radio contributions. Contributions and covered payroll under the plan (excluding participants' additional contributions) for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are summarized as follows:

	2022	2021
Michigan Radio contributions	\$ 387,262	\$ 352,698
Employee contributions	\$ 201,088	\$ 183,879
Payroll covered under plan	\$ 4,367,747	\$ 3,944,038
Total payroll	\$ 4,455,691	\$ 4,040,931

#### Notes to Financial Statements—Continued

### **Note 7—Commitments and Contingencies**

Michigan Radio has entered into leases for space, which expire at various dates through 2037. Future lease payments, including both principal and interest on these commitments for the next five years and in subsequent five-year periods are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	Φ (1.010	Ф 2.001	Φ (4.100
2023	\$ 61,018	\$ 3,091	\$ 64,109
2024	18,167	2,806	20,973
2025	17,970	2,532	20,502
2026	14,090	2,272	16,362
2027	14,674	2,018	16,692
2028-2032	82,720	5,900	88,620
2033-2037	23,267	277	23,544
_	\$ 231,906	\$ 18,896	\$ 250,802



### **Report of Independent Auditors**

To the Regents of the University of Michigan

PricewaterhouseCoopers Z. T.P.

We have audited the financial statements of WUOM/WVGR/WFUM-FM ("Michigan Radio") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and our report thereon appears on pages 1 through 3 of this document which included an unmodified opinion on those financial statements, a paragraph describing a change in the manner in which Michigan Radio accounts for leases, and a paragraph describing the basis of presentation of Michigan Radio's financial statements. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules of functional expenses for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The schedules of functional expenses have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves and other additional procedures, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of functional expenses are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

February 10, 2023

### Schedule of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Program Services						
	Programming and		Total Program		Management and	Total Supporting	Total Operating
-	Production	Engineering	Services	Development	General	Services	Expenses
Salaries, payroll taxes and employee benefits	\$ 3,224,896	\$ 306,575	\$ 3,531,471	\$ 1,621,816	\$ 911,083	\$ 2,532,899	\$ 6,064,370
Program fees	1,627,343		1,627,343			-	1,627,343
Depreciation	152,483	26,495	178,978	69,755	39,526	109,281	288,259
Indirect administrative support	259,180	31,343	290,523	120,735	54,335	175,070	465,593
Professional services	76,088	77,637	153,725	230,850	75,934	306,784	460,509
Equipment and space rental	(2,452)	7,372	4,920	546		546	5,466
Advertising	8,518		8,518	124,219		124,219	132,737
Supplies	32,783	43,414	76,197	169,290	31,131	200,421	276,618
Travel and conferences	31,565	5,518	37,083	21,161	9,832	30,993	68,076
Telecommunications	22,809	18,999	41,808	6,875	5,830	12,705	54,513
Repairs and maintenance	298	40,288	40,586	23	26,624	26,647	67,233
Utilities	13,950	112,612	126,562	6,420	3,638	10,058	136,620
Postage and freight	195	122	317	88,452	35	88,487	88,804
Surveys and ratings	89,430		89,430			· -	89,430
Merchant service fees	•		-	111,974		111,974	111,974
Memberships and dues	6,496		6,496	10,269	4,203	14,472	20,968
Total Operating Expenses		\$ 670,375	\$ 6,213,957	\$ 2,582,385	\$ 1,162,171	\$ 3,744,556	\$ 9,958,513

### Schedule of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Program Services						
	Programming and		Total Program		Management and	Total Supporting	Total Operating
-	Production	Engineering	Services	Development	General	Services	Expenses
Salaries, payroll taxes and employee benefits	\$ 2,994,579	\$ 274,202	\$ 3,268,781	\$ 1,503,979	\$ 858,919	\$ 2,362,898	\$ 5,631,679
Program fees	1,620,133		1,620,133			-	1,620,133
Depreciation	210,526	34,448	244,974	91,235	32,528	123,763	368,737
Indirect administrative support	245,093	28,037	273,130	106,219	50,008	156,227	429,357
Professional services	72,153	76,781	148,934	182,161	70,178	252,339	401,273
Equipment and space rental	2,444	400	2,844	1,059	378	1,437	4,281
Advertising	18,696		18,696	143,178	1,879	145,057	163,753
Supplies	19,870	27,377	47,247	78,624	33,292	111,916	159,163
Travel and conferences	10,181	4,723	14,904	1,493	2,769	4,262	19,166
Telecommunications	22,616	38,880	61,496	6,870	6,145	13,015	74,511
Repairs and maintenance	74	10,492	10,566		21,275	21,275	31,841
Utilities	13,080	107,638	120,718	5,575	1,987	7,562	128,280
Postage and freight	45	243	288	73,103	266	73,369	73,657
Surveys and ratings	57,476		57,476			-	57,476
Merchant service fees			-	93,173		93,173	93,173
Memberships and dues	10,382		10,382	9,125	1,239	10,364	20,746
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	\$ 5,297,348	\$ 603,221	\$ 5,900,569	\$ 2,295,794	\$ 1,080,863	\$ 3,376,657	\$ 9,277,226