Facility & Support Services

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~ Our Promise: Professional People, Solving Problems, High Performance

November 15, 2021

TO: Mahesh Sharma

County Administrator

FROM: Tammy Speidel. FMP

Director, Facility & Support Services

RE: Presentation by Wold Architects and Engineers

Youth Justice & Rehabilitation Center

Mahesh

As you know the project team was tasked with meeting regularly to develop a schematic design for a new Youth Justice & Rehabilitation Center.

The Schematic Design phase is complete, and I have Wold Architects and Engineers scheduled to provide an update of the process and design phase to the Board on November 23, 2021.

Myself and several members of the JDAAC Committee plan to be present to answer any questions you or the board may have.

CC: Jeremy Kaiser, Director Juvenile Detention Center Neika Harms, Supervisor, Juvenile Detention Center Pat Jones, Supervisor, Juvenile Detention Center Michelle Bancroft, Supervisor, Juvenile Detention Center Scott Hobart, Chief Juvenile Court Officer- 7th Judicial District David Farmer, Budget and Administrative Services Director Chris Still, Facility Maintenance Manager, FSS



Rehabilitation Center



MEETING

AGENDA





DEFINING THE NEED

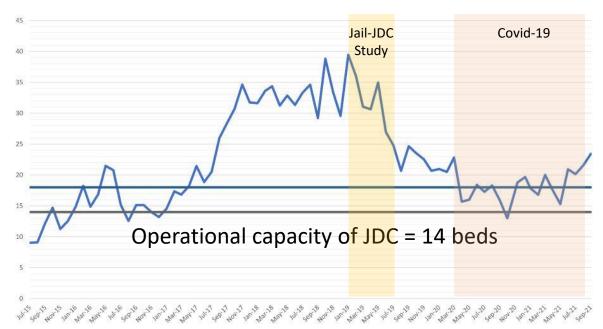
THE BACKGROUND

Just the FACTS

- I. By law, juveniles waived to adult court can no longer be held within the jail facility starting December 18th 2021 (juvenile justice delinquency prevention act)
 - Monthly ADP of Juveniles housed the Adult Jail over the last five years = 10 with a monthly avg. peak of 16
 - Spirit of the law is that an individual 17 or under is still a youth despite the offense

DEFINING THE NEED

CURRENT AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION (RIGHT SIZING FOR PEAK)

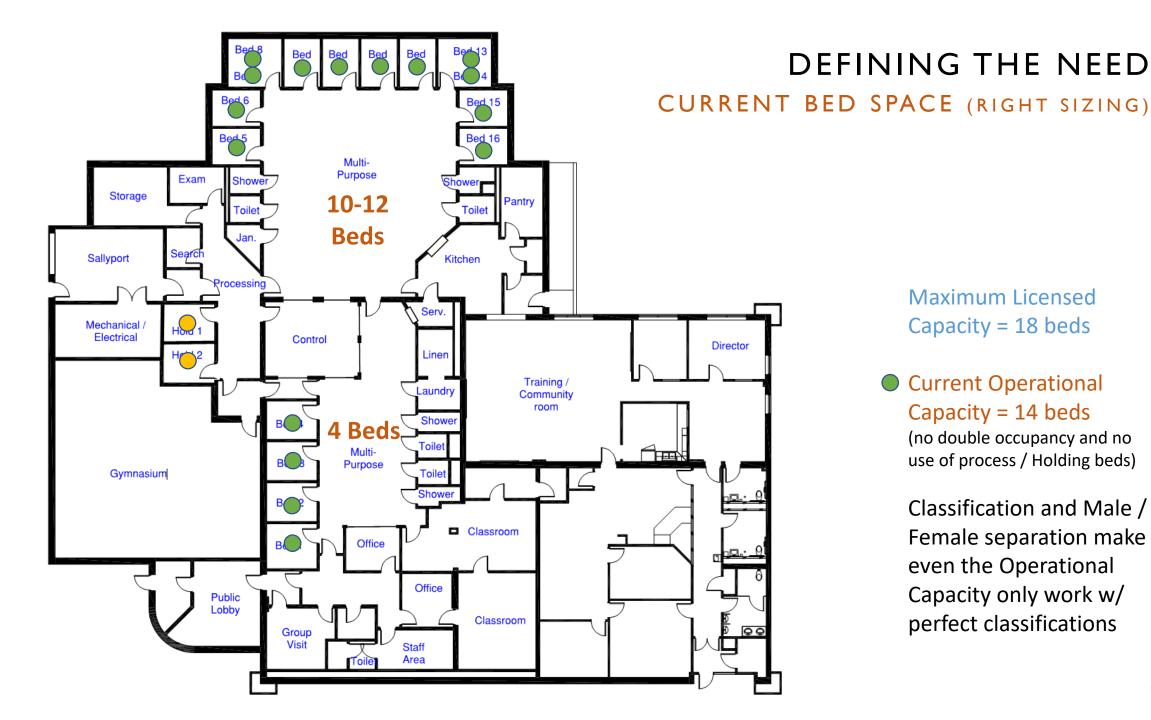


CAPACITY vs. POPULATION

- Current JDC operational capacity = 14-16 beds (+ 2 holding)
- 5-year monthly average ADP for juveniles in JDC & JAIL = 24.8
- Peak monthly ADP for juveniles in the JDC & Jail = 39.5
- Operational capacity (80%) for 40 bed facility =
 32

	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	Avg
FY 18	20.50	25.96	28.40	30.68	34.63	31.74	31.62	33.60	34.36	31.24	32.86	31.33	30.58
FY 19	33.29	34.61	29.21	38.82	33.42	29.56	39.45	36.00	31.05	30.64	34.96	26.95	33.16
FY 20	24.82	20.68	24.65	23.53	22.53	20.68	20.97	20.50	22.83	15.68	16.00	18.40	20.94
FY 21	17.28	18.30	15.91	13.00	18.79	19.67	17.85	16.80	20.00	17.50	15.30	20.92	17.61
FY 22	20.14	21.55	23.43	20.81	7								21.48

= Exceeded operational Capacity (14) = Exceeded Licensed Capacity (18)



Maximum Licensed

Capacity = 18 beds

Current Operational Capacity = 14 beds (no double occupancy and no use of process / Holding beds)

> Classification and Male / Female separation make even the Operational Capacity only work w/ perfect classifications

DEFINING THE NEED

THE BACKGROUND

Just the FACTS

- III. Existing Juvenile Detention Facility has reached the end of its useful life and does not provide a positive physical environment for the youth of Scott County
 - JDC is a repurposed car dealership w/ 3 additions over its existence
 - Mechanical, Electrical and Security System are at the end of their life
 - Expanding the existing facility does not make practical sense
 - Buried into slope and removes valuable site and parking for Jail & Courts
 - Facility would need to be shut down to allow for renovations
 - JDC's current environment is not conducive to treatment or rehabilitation nor is it therapeutic or trauma informed
 - · Limited ability for separation and proper classification

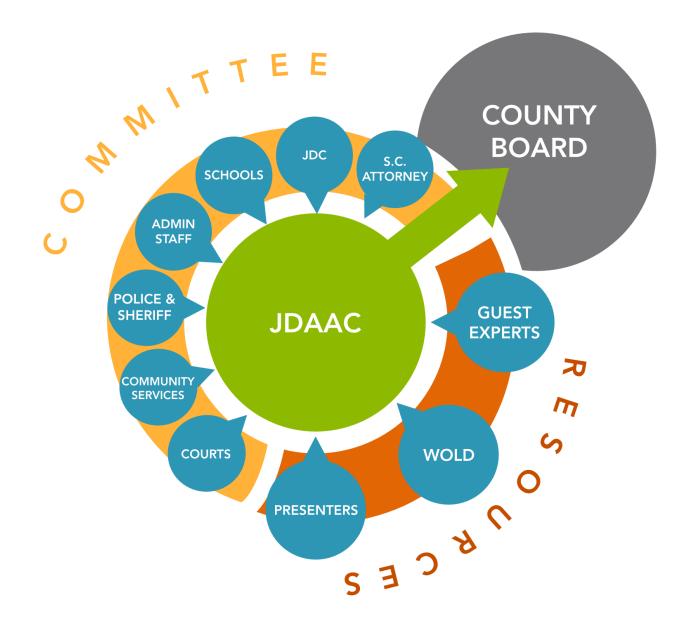
Just the FACTS

IV. The County, Cities and Community need to look at a holistic approach to Juvenile Justice and prevention

- Existing diversion programs are good but more can be done at the community level and civic/law enforcement level
- Need to help youth before they reach the level of detention
- Juvenile crime has an impact to Communities
- Preventing youth from becoming future adult offenders will save the
 County money (\$4-7 million per individual in adult detention)
- Help create better citizens

DEFINING THE NEED

PARTICIPANTS



DEFINING THE NEED VISION AND MISSION

Youth Justice & Rehabilitation Center Vision and Mission

- Hold youth accountable
- Address needs for positive behavioral change and help the youth become better citizens
- Reduce recidivism
- Support successful reentry to society
- Protect the community public safety

DEFINING THE NEED

MAJOR COMPONENTS IN JUVENILE JUSTICE CONTINUUM

Youth Assessment Program

Role:

Prevention through community based services

Who:

- First responder
- Schools
- Faith organizations
- Friends
- Family

YJRC Assessment Ctr.

Role:

Separation

Physical

Law Enforcement based crisis care or Drop off Center (response to an arrest or run away)

Who:

- Law enforcement
- Youth Counselors
- Courts
- Health care professionals
- Family

Youth Justice & Rehabilitation Ctr.

Role:

Secure detention

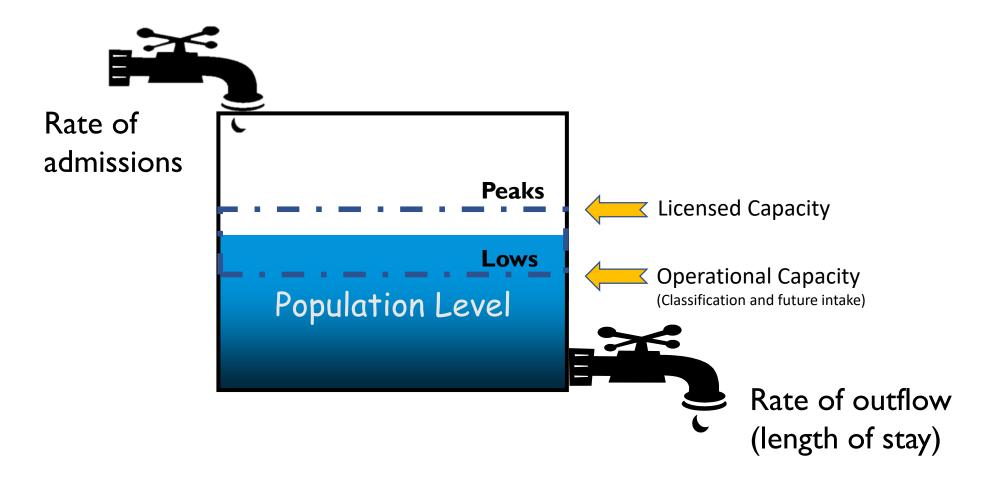
Who:

- Detention Youth
 Counselors
 - Medical care
- Mental health care
- Courts
- Family

Collocated

DEFINING THE NEED

RIGHT SIZING & ACCOMMODATING PEAK POPULATIONS



Admissions x Length of Stay = Average Daily Population ADP



YJRC BEST PRACTICES

The Building as a Therapeutic Tool

- Trauma-informed
- Holistic approach
- Normative design
- Calming and restorative environment
- Safe



YJRC BEST PRACTICES

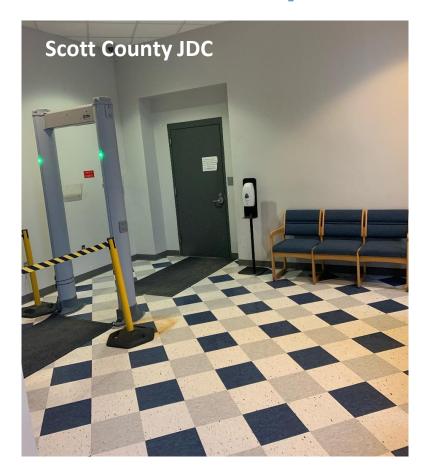
Facility Hallmarks

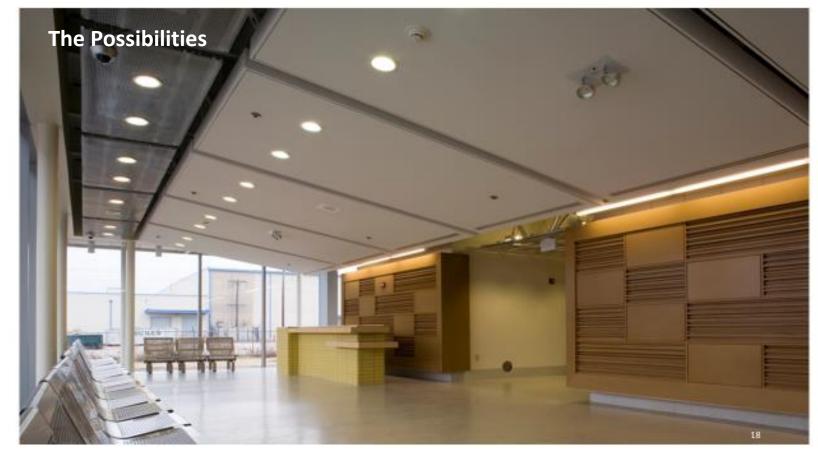
- 1. Scale
- 2. Safety and security
- 3. Adequate programs, services and support spaces
- 4. Normative environment
- 5. Good neighbor



EXISTING DEFICIENCIES AND THE POSSIBILITIES

Visitor Lobby

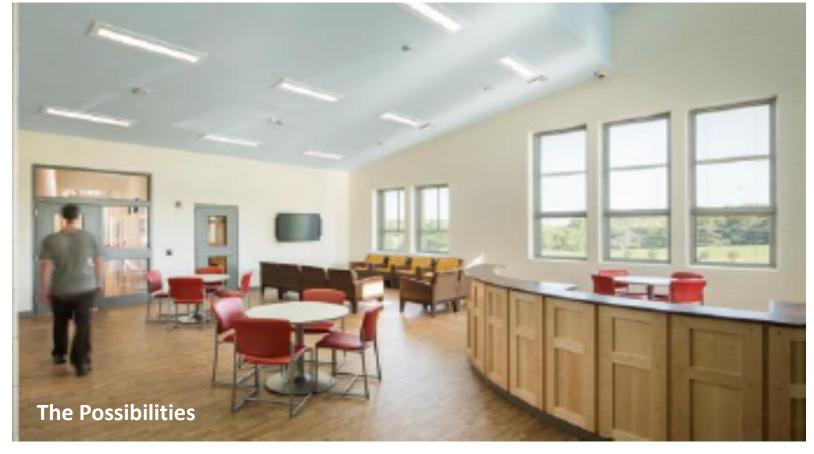




EXISTING DEFICIENCIES AND THE POSSIBILITIES

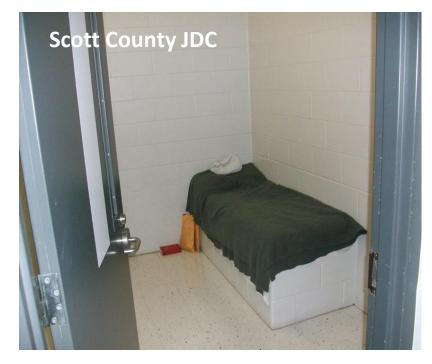
Housing Units





EXISTING DEFICIENCIES AND THE POSSIBILITIES

Bedrooms





EXISTING DEFICIENCIES AND THE POSSIBILITIES

Visiting Room





EXISTING DEFICIENCIES AND THE POSSIBILITIES

Intake Rooms







THE DESIGN PROCESS GUIDING THE DESIGN

Guiding Principles:

(High Level Objectives)

- Ex: The design will be future ready and forward thinking, and adapt to the changing needs of the community over time.
- Ex: The design will be trauma informed and support social and emotional growth.

Design Criteria:

(Specific Building Characteristics)

- Ex: The pods should open onto the dayroom vs pods along a corridor with access to a dayroom.
- Ex: Spaces within the building should all have direct access to daylighting.

THE DESIGN PROCESS GUIDING PRINCIPLES

Guiding Principles:

- Solutions are designed to meet the <u>long-term Scott County Youth Justice & Rehabilitation Center programmatic needs</u>.
- Be good stewards of taxpayer dollars. Best product while spending responsibly
- The building should be welcoming and represent a safe space in the community and neighborhood.
- Colorful and bright spaces

THE DESIGN PROCESS GUIDING PRINCIPLES

Guiding Principles:

- Integrate <u>ownership into spaces (art/messaging)</u> current partnership with art museum.
- Architecture to promote and motivate youth to be better citizens.
- Building to support mission statement and goals.
- Spaces should <u>nurture relationships and rapport between staff</u>/youth and the community.
- Promote unity within the community Integrating public involvement.

DESIGN CRITERIA

General Facility:

- Safety and security of both youth and staff are priority.
 - Tiered Security levels
 - Cameras and communication
 - Limit blind spots Camera views/blind spots; safety and liability
 - Ligature free
- Trauma informed environments that respects dignity of youth, staff and community.
- Provide all spaces with natural light, views and fresh air/ventilation. Provide Courtyard (also for programs).
- Create a good work environment to help with staff retention. Improved staff support spaces break room/ lockers/ quiet space/ exercise room.
- Durability and clean ability.

DESIGN CRITERIA

General Facility: (Cont.)

- Incorporate updated, and expandable, technology into the design.
- Provide acoustic treatments to reduce noise levels.
- No balconies or mezzanines if possible.
- Provide <u>areas for messaging</u> to show support within the facility.
- <u>Minimize movement</u> between spaces that may cause conflicts between different populations. Look at paths between different spaces.
- Appropriately locating spaces based upon function.
- Provide appropriate spaces for medical services, including mental health.

DESIGN CRITERIA

Housing:

- Provide "on-suite" vs. "dorm" configuration. Tiered levels of security
- Maximize supervision.
- Provide separate high-security pod for adult waivers.
- Entertainment options (devices) for positive reinforcement.
- Possibility of Porcelain vs Stainless Steel fixtures by tier of security (High level = SS).

THE DESIGN PROCESS DESIGN CRITERIA

Programs and Services:

- Classrooms are conducive to learning and teaching.
- Appropriate physical activity spaces provided indoor, outdoor, or both.
- Multi-purpose space for community programming.
- Provide <u>flexible spaces for programming</u> and learning. Potential vocational spaces.
- Provide a more <u>secure kitchen space</u> that might allow training and allow youth to assist in kitchen.

DESIGN CRITERIA

Facility Support:

- Ability to <u>perform maintenance without disturbing the youth population</u> (pipe chase access and adequate working spaces within chases).
- <u>Tamper-proof</u>, <u>detention grade equipment</u> and components.
- Maximize energy efficiency. Potential for Solar or other renewable energy sources. Seek Rebates
- Provide <u>building back-up</u> systems.
- Adequate <u>space for network</u> and security infrastructure.
- <u>Defensive sanitary sewer</u> systems.
- Integrated security systems (Card access, intercoms, cameras, etc.).
- Adequate Storage is critical.



FACILITY TOURS

Facility Tours:

• Johnson County Youth and Family Services Center; Olathe, KS



JJS – Weber Valley Youth Center;
 Ogden, UT





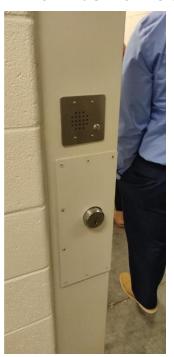


FACILITY TOURS

Daylight & Color In Dayroom Pods



Maintenance, Servicing & Safety







FACILITY TOURS

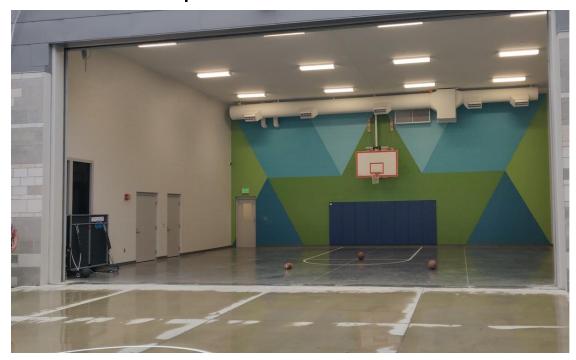
Normative Learning Environments

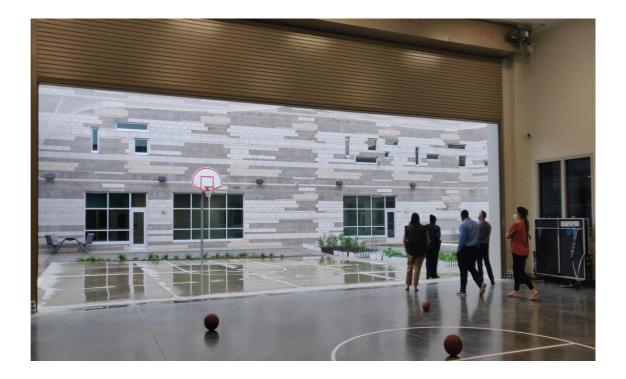




FACILITY TOURS

Recreation Spaces









PROGRAM LAYOUT

YJRC summary

Total Net SF = 21,835 sf

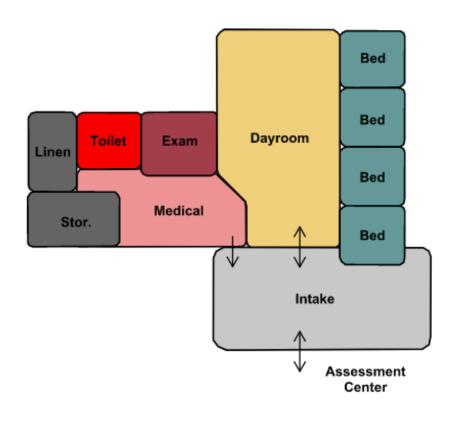
Total Gross SF= 33,751 gsf

Assessment Center summary

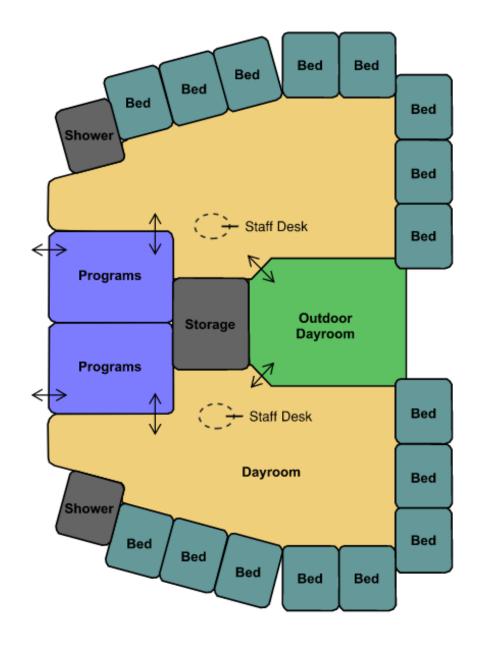
Total Net SF = 1,651 sf

Total Gross SF= 2,277 gsf

PROGRAM LAYOUT



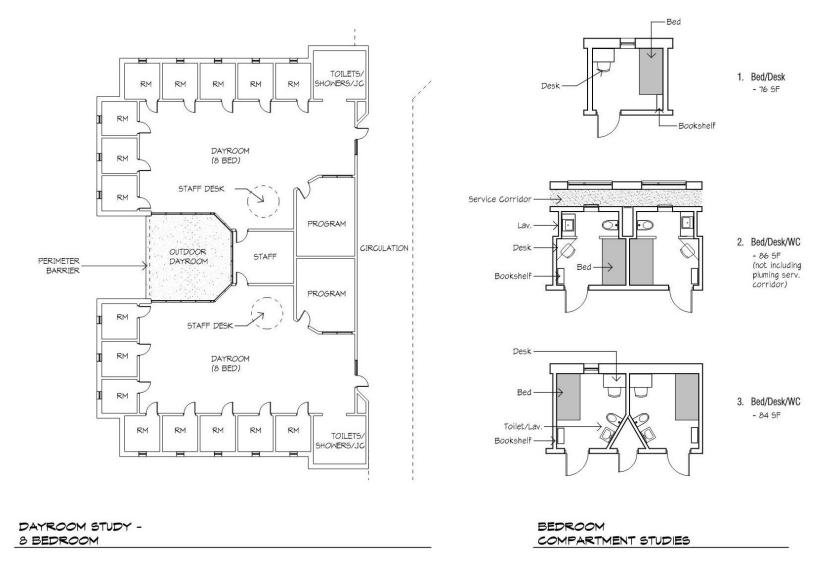
- Small dayroom adjacent allows for observation and medical assistance.
- Intake has close proximity to intake and assessment center for expedited care when needed



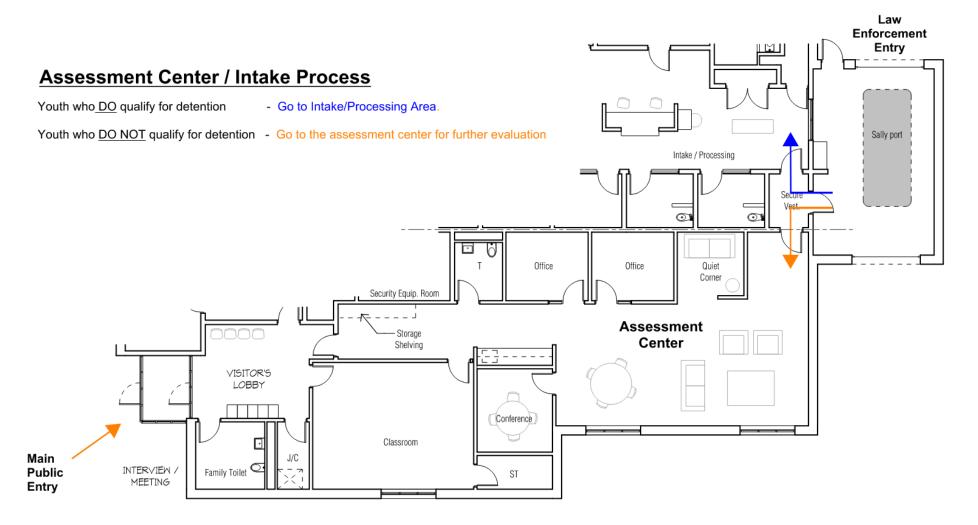
PROGRAM LAYOUT

- Youth have access to outdoor space and natural daylight via the outdoor dayroom
- Each dayroom has an adjacent program room that can be used as a classroom, a space for faith based activities and other multi-purpose use
- Operational Capacity for a 40 bed facility = 32 Beds (80 % of Licensed Capacity)

SPACE STUDIES



SPACE STUDIES



DESIGN PROCESS SITE STUDY REC. AREAS -**HOUSING POD** MAIN ENTRY & ASSESSMENT — CENTER - HOUSING POD **MAIN ENTRY PARKING**

Building Form

CONSTRUCTION COST

(building, site, parking, generators, fencing, solar, etc.)

(banding) site, parking, generators, reneing, solar, etc.,	
New YJRC	\$ 14,516,500
New Assessment Center	\$ 1,488,500
Misc. Site and Infrastructure	\$ 565,000
Design and Construction Contingency	\$1,600,000
Subtotal	\$18,170,000
FEES, TESTING, SURVEY, SOILS, COMMISSIONING, & MISC COSTS	
New YJRC	\$ 1,705,000
New Assessment Center	\$ 175,000
Subtotal	\$1,880,000
FURNITURE FIXTURES & EQUIPMENT	
New YJRC	\$ 1,542,000
New Assessment Center	\$ 158,000
Subtotal	\$1,700,000

ESTIMATED PROBABLE COST

SCHEMATIC DESIGN PHASE

YJRC and Community Assessment Center

ESTIMATED TOTAL PROJECT COST = \$21,750,000

