# NEW HAMPSHIRE PUBLIC RADIO, INC. FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2020

# CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 and 2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of financial position	3
Statement of activities and changes in net assets	4
Statements of cash flows	5
Statement of functional expenses	6
Notes to financial statements	7-22



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees New Hampshire Public Radio, Inc. Concord, New Hampshire 03301-5003

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of New Hampshire Public Radio, Inc., which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2020, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, cash flows and functional expenses for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Page 1

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, as a result of the continuous spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus subsequent to year end, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively impact operating results. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of New Hampshire Public Radio, Inc., as of June 30, 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited New Hampshire Public Radio, Inc.'s 2019 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated November 18, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Concord, New Hampshire

Mathan Wechsler & Company

November 18, 2020

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS				
CURDENIE ACCETO		2020		2019
CURRENT ASSETS Cash	\$	2,182,753	\$	1,153,440
Current portion of contributions receivable	Ψ	398,711	Ψ	333,776
Bequest receivable		1,667		101,667
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful		2,007		101,007
accounts of \$7,000 for 2020 and \$10,000 for 2019		338,960		499,837
Prepaid expenses		170,353		153,102
Total current assets		3,092,444		2,241,822
OTHER ASSETS				
Contributions receivable, less current portion, net of discount,				
less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9,000 for 2020 and 2019		255,774		356,190
Endowment investments		345,808		360,384
Board designated investments		190,723		181,246
Innovation fund investments		1,600,247		1,557,075
Station and software licenses, net of accumulated amortization				
\$381,990 for 2020 and \$366,092 for 2019		194,063		201,781
		2,586,615		2,656,676
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net		4,370,163		4,701,731
Total assets	\$	10,049,222	\$	9,600,229
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Current portion of note payable	\$	37,965	\$	36,848
Current portion of Paycheck Protection Program funds		513,726		-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		206,025		257,977
Accrued salaries and benefits		308,744		214,805
Funds held for others		35,168		34,753
Deferred revenue		236,520		95,315
Total current liabilities		1,338,148		639,698
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Paycheck Protection Program funds, less current portion		517,474		-
Note payable, less current portion and net of unamortized				
debt issuance costs of \$19,682 for 2020 and \$20,994 for 2019		984,485		1,020,632
Total long-term liabilities		1,501,959		1,020,632
Total liabilities		2,840,107		1,660,330
COMMITMENTS (See Notes)				
NET ASSETS				
		4,179,966		4,470,017
Undesignated		4,17,2,200		
		691,510		404,418
Undesignated				4,874,435
Undesignated Board designated		691,510		
Undesignated Board designated Total without donor restrictions		691,510 4,871,476		4,874,435

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Year Ended June 30, 2020 (with comparative totals for 2019)

	Without Donor Restrictions											
						Total						
	**	1 1		Board	W	ithout Donor		With Donor		2020		2019
Developed and assuments		ndesignated		Designated		Restrictions		Restrictions		Total		Total
Revenue and support:	\$	4 220 602	¢		¢	4 220 602	¢	10.700	ф	4 240 282	d.	2 061 006
Public support	Ф	4,220,602	\$	-	\$	4,220,602	Þ	19,780	\$	4,240,382	⊅	3,861,886
Business support		2,102,835		-		2,102,835 148,957		-		2,102,835		2,343,898
Business support-trade		148,957 509,795		-		509,795		-		148,957 509,795		97,992 744,930
Corporation for Public Broadcasting funding Grants and contract revenue		,		-		197,000		107 210				
Vehicle donations		197,000 237,771		-		237,771		127,318		324,318 237,771		245,720
venicle donations Podcast revenue		,		-				-				231,351
Other income		131,101 28,192		-		131,101 28,192		-		131,101		155,351
In-kind donations		28,192 12,591		-		12,591		-		28,192 12,591		33,925
												6,000
Total revenue and support		7,588,844		-		7,588,844		147,098		7,735,942		7,721,053
Net assets released for satisfaction of purpose		895,428		-		895,428		(895,428)		-		
Expenses:												
Program services		5,881,961		-		5,881,961		-		5,881,961		6,253,897
Management and general		1,237,366		-		1,237,366		-		1,237,366		1,085,715
Fundraising		1,676,616		-		1,676,616		-		1,676,616		1,847,871
Total expenses		8,795,943		-		8,795,943		_		8,795,943		9,187,483
Decrease in net assets before												
nonoperating activities		(311,671)		-		(311,671)		(748,330)		(1,060,001)		(1,466,430)
Nonoperating activities:												
Investment income		258		9,754		10,012		41,867		51,879		94,221
Bequests		-		277,338		277,338		-		277,338		125,000
Increase in net assets from nonoperating activities		258		287,092		287,350		41,867		329,217		219,221
Net assets released from time restriction, nonoperating		21,362		-		21,362		(21,362)		-		-
Increase (decrease) in total net assets		(290,051)		287,092		(2,959)		(727,825)		(730,784)		(1,247,209)
		,				, ,		,		, , ,		,
Net assets, beginning of year	_	4,470,017		404,418		4,874,435		3,065,464		7,939,899		9,187,108
Net assets, end of year	\$	4,179,966	\$	691,510	\$	4,871,476	\$	2,337,639	\$	7,209,115	\$	7,939,899

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Change in net assets	\$ (730,784)	\$ (1,247,209)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash		
provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	433,034	522,710
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1,312	1,312
Realized and unrealized gains on investments	(51,243)	(91,669)
Bad debt expense, net of change in allowance for doubtful accounts	6,624	61,115
Payout of deferred compensation	-	(18,000)
Decrease in contributions, bequest and grants receivable	172,512	418,364
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	117,222	(206,052)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(17,251)	20,128
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(51,952)	92,626
Increase in funds held for others	415	34,753
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits	93,939	(22,274)
Increase in deferred revenue	141,205	38,290
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	115,033	(395,906)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investments	13,170	11,979
Acquisition of property and equipment	(93,748)	(109,455)
requisition of property and equipment	(50), 10)	(10)/100)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (80,578)	 (97,476)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from Paycheck Protection Program funds	1,031,200	-
Principal repayment on long-term debt	(36,342)	(35,245)
Net cash used in financing activities	994,858	(35,245)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	1,029,313	(528,627)
Cash, beginning of year	1,153,440	1,682,067
Cash, end of year	\$ 2,182,753	\$ 1,153,440
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION AND NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 33,507	\$ 34,197
Amortization of debt issuance costs	\$ 1,312	\$ 1,312

# STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

Year Ended June 30, 2020 (with comparative totals for 2019)

	Program Services	anagement nd General	Fı	undraising	2020	2019
Salaries and wages	\$ 2,931,673	\$ 708,008	\$	813,844	\$ 4,453,525	\$ 4,435,362
Employee benefits	491,593	172,674		167,359	831,626	819,170
Payroll taxes	219,430	54,215		59,761	333,406	335,129
Total compensation related costs	3,642,696	934,897		1,040,964	5,618,557	5,589,661
Independent contractors	233,203	82,140		110,304	425,647	626,620
Affiliate program acquisition fees	731,272	-		-	731,272	705,585
Transmitter and satellite expenses	249,397	-		-	249,397	246,931
Staff development and recruitment	17,408	5,146		749	23,303	45,044
Travel, catering and entertainment	54,1 <i>77</i>	65,659		19,195	139,031	162,057
Condo fees, utilities, taxes and maintenance	92,994	23,169		26,575	142,738	142,520
Dues and subscriptions	131,888	20,128		5,531	157,547	150,659
Telephone	86,787	2,197		2,971	91,955	98,588
Bank and credit card fees	-	1,428		118,629	120,057	111,519
Advertising and promotion expenses	120,236	-		-	120,236	74,151
Printing	5,704	119		120,205	126,028	107,300
Thank you gifts	-	-		85,728	85,728	99,461
Insurance	48,757	12,147		13,933	74,837	55,420
Postage	2,306	670		50,205	53,181	58,832
Professional services	13,694	46,872		-	60,566	201,685
Interest expense	22,287	5,226		5,994	33,507	34,605
Office supplies and expenses	30,253	972		799	32,024	35,845
Technology equipment, parts and supplies	40,182	-		-	40,182	16,595
Engineering equipment repairs and maintenance	13,703	-		-	13,703	14,810
Bad debt expense, net of change in allowance for						
doubtful accounts	-	-		6,624	6,624	61,115
Podcast expenses	16,732	-		-	16,732	25,111
Miscellaneous	 -	57		-	57	659
Total functional expenses excluding depreciation and amortization	 5,553,676	1,200,827		1,608,406	8,362,909	8,664,773
Depreciation expense	317,951	34,472		64,712	417,135	506,812
Amortization expense	10,334	2,067		3,498	15,898	15,898
Depreciation and amortization	328,285	36,539		68,210	433,034	522,710
Total functional expenses including depreciation						
and amortization	\$ 5,881,961	\$ 1,237,366	\$	1,676,616	\$ 8,795,943	\$ 9,187,483

See Notes to Financial Statements.

### Note 1. Nature of Activities

New Hampshire Public Radio, Inc. (the "Corporation") is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of New Hampshire. It is licensed by the Federal Communications Commission to operate FM radio stations throughout New Hampshire, which broadcasts at 89.1 FM (WEVO) from Concord and Manchester, at 88.3 FM (WEVS) from Nashua, at 90.7 FM (WEVN) from Keene, at 91.3 FM (WEVH) from Hanover, at 99.5 FM (WEVJ) from Jackson, at 104.3 FM (W282AB) from Dover, at 107.1 FM (WEVC) from Berlin, at 103.9 FM (W280DG) from Portsmouth, at 97.3 FM (W247AO) from Plymouth, at 91.9 FM (WEVQ) from Littleton, at 105.7 FM (W290BT) and 90.3 FM (WEVF) from Colebrook, at 96.5 FM (W243DE) from Holderness, at 90.3 FM (W212AF) from Nashua, at 91.3 FM (W217BH) from Littleton and at 91.5 (WCNH) from Bow.

The Corporation also produces and distributes content through podcasts, NPR One and online at www.nhpr.org.

## Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of accounting:** The financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared on the accrual basis. Under the accrual basis, revenues and gains are recognized when earned. Expenses and losses are recognized when incurred.

The significant accounting policies are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

Comparative financial information: The financial statements of the Corporation include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class for the statement of activities and changes in net assets and statement of functional expenses. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, from which the summarized information was derived.

Estimates and assumptions: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

**Net assets:** The Corporation reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two categories of net assets: net assets with donor restrictions and net assets without donor restrictions. Descriptions of these net asset categories are as follows:

<u>Net assets without donor restrictions</u>: Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use at the discretion of the Board of Trustees and/or management for general operating purposes. From time to time the Board of Trustees designates a portion of these net assets for specific purposes which makes them unavailable for use at management's discretion.

See Note 14 for more information on the composition of net assets without donor restrictions.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Net assets with donor restrictions</u>: Net assets with donor restrictions consist of assets whose use is limited by donor-imposed, time and/or purpose restrictions and includes the accumulated appreciation and depreciation related to donor-restricted endowment funds.

The Corporation reports gifts of cash and other assets as revenue with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, the net assets are reclassified as net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions.

Some net assets with donor restrictions include a situation that assets provided be maintained permanently (perpetual in nature) while permitting the Corporation to expend the income generated by the assets in accordance with the provisions of additional donor-imposed stipulations or a Board approved spending policy.

See Note 15 for more information on the composition of net assets with donor restrictions.

Fair value option: Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) provides a fair value option election that allows organizations to irrevocably elect fair value as the initial and subsequent measurement attribute for certain financial assets and liabilities. GAAP permits the fair value option election on an instrument-by-instrument basis at specified election dates, primarily at the initial recognition of an asset or liability or upon an event that gives rise to a new basis of accounting for that instrument. The Corporation elected the fair value option for contributions receivable in a prior year.

Contributions: The Corporation recognizes contributions received and made, including unconditional promises to give, as revenue in the period received or made. Contributions received are reported as either revenues without donor restrictions or revenues with donor restrictions. Contributions with donor restrictions that are used for the purposes specified by the donor in the same year as the contribution is received are recognized as revenues with donor restrictions and are reclassified as net assets released from restrictions in the same year. Promises to contribute that stipulate conditions to be met before the contribution is made are not recorded until the conditions are met. There were no conditional promises to give for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Cash and cash equivalents: For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Corporation considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2020, the Corporation had \$696,982 of cash equivalents included in investments on the statement of financial position.

**Investments:** The Corporation carries investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values based upon quoted market prices. Unrealized and realized gains and losses are included with investment income in the accompanying statement of activities and changes in net assets. Purchased and gifted securities are recorded at fair value on the date of the acquisition or gift date, net of any brokerage fees.

**Property and equipment:** Property and equipment is stated at cost or, if donated, at fair value determined at the date of donation. The Corporation's policy is to capitalize expenditures at \$1,000 or greater for major improvements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Depreciation is provided for on the straight-line method in a manner which is intended to amortize the cost of the assets over the following estimated useful lives:

·	1 Cais
Buildings and improvements	. 7-40
Broadcast and transmission equipment	
Furniture and office equipment	. 3-10
Vehicles	5

Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred and betterments are capitalized. Assets sold or otherwise disposed of are removed from the accounts along with the related accumulated depreciation and any gain or loss is recognized.

Station and software licenses: The cost of licensing rights acquired is being amortized on the straight-line method over periods of seven to thirty years. Amortization expense charged to operations related to these licenses amounted to \$15,898 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

**Deferred revenue:** Deferred revenue results when contracts for business support are prepaid in the current year and aired by the Corporation in the subsequent fiscal year. Accordingly, the payments received for the next fiscal year are deferred until the business support credits are aired by the Corporation.

Grants received that are considered reciprocal transactions generally contain conditions that could require the Corporation to return funds if the conditions are not met. Accordingly, these grant proceeds are recorded as deferred revenue upon receipt. The grant revenue is recognized according to the terms of the grant agreement, usually as the proceeds are utilized for the grant's purposes and the conditions are fully met. Deferred revenue includes \$200,000 from grants with certain conditions that have not yet been met for the year ended June 30, 2020.

**Debt issuance costs:** These costs are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the 20-year term of the debt (see Note 6). Debt issuance costs are included with interest expense on the statement of functional expenses.

**Advertising:** The Corporation charges advertising costs to expense as incurred. Advertising expenses relate primarily to programming and are primarily funded through trade.

**Donated goods and services:** A portion of the Corporation's functions are conducted by unpaid officers, board members and volunteers. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in the financial statements since it does not meet the criteria necessary for recognition under the FASB ASC 958-605 (see Note 10).

Donated materials and equipment are reflected as in-kind donations and expenses are capitalized at their estimated value at the date of receipt. Donated professional services are recorded as both revenue and expense at estimated fair value.

Business support services which are done in exchange for goods or services are reflected as business support – trade. When the Corporation receives notification that donated services have been provided, the Corporation recognizes the revenue and a corresponding expense based on the value of the services (typically an invoice) which the Corporation received.

**Income taxes:** The Corporation is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC); however, certain unrelated business income is subject to federal taxation. For the year ended June 30, 2020, there was no liability for a tax on unrelated business income. The Corporation is also exempt from state income taxes by virtue of its ongoing exemption from federal income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

The Corporation adopted the provision of FASB ASC 740, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. Accordingly, management evaluated the Corporation's tax positions and concluded the Corporation had maintained its tax-exempt status, does not have any significant unrelated business income and had taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements. With few exceptions, the Corporation is no longer subject to income tax examinations by the U.S. Federal or State tax authorities for tax years before 2017.

Functional allocation of expenses: The statement of functional expenses presents expenses by function and natural classification. Expenses directly attributable to a specific functional area of the Corporation are reported as expenses of those functional areas. A portion of general and administrative costs that benefit multiple functional areas (indirect costs) have been allocated across programs and other supporting services based on estimates of time and effort and square footage.

Operating measure: The Corporation has presented the statement of activities and changes in net assets based on an intermediate measure of operations. The measure of operations includes all revenues and expenses that are an integral part of the Corporation's programs and supporting activities and net assets released from restrictions to support operating activities. Non-operating activities are limited to resources outside of those program and services and are comprised of investment and bequest revenue and other capital activity.

Change in accounting principle: In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments-Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. This standard is intended to improve recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. The Corporation adopted ASU 2016-01 on July 1, 2019. The adoption of ASU 2016-01 did not have a significant impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-08, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. This standard provides guidance for evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as contributions or exchange transactions and clarifies the criteria for evaluating whether contributions are unconditional or conditional. The Corporation adopted ASU 2018-08 on July 1, 2019. The adoption of ASU 2018-08 did not have a significant impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

Recent accounting pronouncements: In May 2014, the FASB issued, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASU 2014-09), which requires revenue to be recognized when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration to which the Corporation expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. ASU 2014-09 permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. In June 2020, the FASB deferred the effective date of this standard for one year for certain entities that have not yet issued their financial statements. This standard will be effective for the Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the impact this will have on its financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued, *Leases, Topic 842* (ASU 2016-02). Under ASU 2016-02, at the commencement of a long-term lease, lessees will recognize a liability equivalent to the discounted payments due under the lease agreement, as well as an offsetting right-of-use asset. Lessees (for capital and operating leases) must apply a modified retrospective transition approach for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. The modified retrospective approach would not require any transition accounting for leases that expired before the earliest comparative period presented. Lessees may not apply a full retrospective transition approach. In June 2020, the FASB deferred the effective date for this standard for one year for certain entities that have not yet issued their financial statements. This standard will be effective for the Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2023, with early adoption permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact this will have on its financial statements.

#### Note 3. Contributions Receivable

In a prior year, the Corporation began an Innovation Campaign that supports three significant editorial initiatives that expand NHPR's news coverage and local program production. Unconditional promises to give are included in the financial statements as contributions receivable and revenue in the appropriate net asset category. Unconditional contributions receivable expected to be received beyond one year are recognized at fair value and a discount rate is applied when deemed necessary (2.5% at June 30, 2020). The Corporation estimates the allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable based upon specific review, current economic conditions and historical loss factors, if applicable. Substantially all promises to give are from members of the Board of Trustees and others strongly committed to the Corporation. Management will continue to monitor the collection of these promises to give and make any necessary reserve adjustments.

The schedule below also includes a non-campaign pledge of \$375,000. This pledge is donor restricted revenue for The Exchange and All Things Considered Fellows (see Note 15) as well as a digital/data journalist position. \$125,000 of this pledge is scheduled to be collected for each of the subsequent three years.

Contributions receivable are summarized below:

In one year or less	\$ 398,711
Between one and five years	279,585
Less discount to present value	(14,811)
Less allowance	(9,000)
Total	654,485
Less current portion	398,711
Total long-term portion	\$ 255,774

# Note 4. Investments

Investments, which consist of marketable debt and equity securities are carried at fair value at June 30, 2020. Investments are classified as long-term assets since it is the Corporation's intent to hold these investments for more than one year.

Investments consist of the following at June 30, 2020:

			Unrealized Appreciation,
	 Fair Value	Cost	Net
Cash	\$ 696,982 \$	696,982 \$	-
Domestic and international equities:			
Materials	21,222 \$	16,820	4,402
Consumer cyclical	66,664	53,874	12,790
Financial services	86,539	69,874	16,665
Real estate	13,848	10,783	3,065
Consumer defensive	34,460	27,604	6,857
Healthcare	63,905	51,712	12,193
Utilities	10,917	8,507	2,410
Communication services	16,066	12,918	3,149
Energy	35,363	28,207	7,156
Industrials	62,065	49,869	12,195
Technology	100,152	81,595	18,558
Debt security - bonds	928,595	842,345	86,250
Total	\$ 2,136,778 \$	1,951,091 \$	185,689

# Note 5. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, at cost	
Buildings and improvements	\$ 5,705,309
Broadcast and transmission equipment	4,225,413
Furniture and office equipment	1,561,979
Vehicles	79,889
Construction in process	52,710
Total property and equipment	11,625,300
Less accumulated depreciation	7,255,137
Total property and equipment, net	\$ 4,370,163

Depreciation expense amounted to \$417,136 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

### Note 6. Note Payable, Revolving Line-of-Credit and Pledged Assets

During a prior year, the Corporation refinanced their tax exempt bond with a \$1,200,000 mortgage with Bank of New Hampshire at a 2.99% fixed rate of interest for the first ten years, then adjusting every ten years to the FHLB 10 year rate plus 1.75% (2.99% at June 30, 2020). The next scheduled adjustment date is November 2, 2025. The primary banking relationship must be maintained at Bank of New Hampshire or the interest rate increases by 1%. The mortgage has a twenty-year term with monthly principal and interest payments assuming a twenty-five year amortization. Interest and principal payments of \$5,711 are due each month with the final balloon payment of approximately \$323,306 due November 2, 2035.

Also during a prior year, in conjunction with this refinancing, the Corporation replaced its existing line-of-credit with a new revolving line-of-credit for borrowings up to \$250,000 at an interest rate at one and one-half percent above the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate (4.75% at June 30, 2020).

The line-of-credit is secured by business assets and is subject to annual review. Under the terms of this agreement, the Corporation must maintain a minimum debt service coverage ratio of not less than 1.2 to 1.0. This covenant was met for the year ended June 30, 2020. As of June 30, 2020, there were no outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit. Interest costs on the mortgage debt amounted to \$36,848 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Bank of New Hampshire note payable had an effective interest rate of 3.40% at June 30, 2020.

# Long-term debt:

Long-term debt:	
Mortgage payable, Bank of New Hampshire (see above)	\$ 1,042,132
Less amounts due within one year	37,965
Less unamortized debt issuance costs	19,682
Long-term debt	\$ 984,485
Maturities required on long-term debt are as follows for fiscal years ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 37,965
2022	39,116
2023	40,302
2024	41,523
2025	42,782
Thereafter	840,444
	\$ 1,042,132

See Note 19 related to the Paycheck Protection Program funds.

# Note 7. Operating Leases

The Corporation maintains several operating lease agreements for transmitter site rental and office equipment. These leases expire between fiscal years 2021 and 2027. Minimum future rent commitments under these lease agreements are as follows for the years ending June 30:

2021			9	\$ 73,376
2022				42,446
2023				29,180
2024				29,457
2025				28,550
Thereafter			_	4,733
	Total		3	\$ 207,742

Rental expense for these leases for the year ended June 30, 2020 totaled approximately \$73,000.

### Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies

Certain equipment acquired with federal grant proceeds is subject to reversionary interest liens for a period of ten years from date of the grant. Property acquired with these grant proceeds may not be conveyed, transferred, assigned, mortgaged, leased or in any other manner encumbered by the Corporation, except as expressly authorized by grantor. The liens expire between 2021 and 2022.

The Corporation maintains a sick time policy in which eligible employees can accrue up to a maximum of 480 hours of sick time. Employees who had sick time balances in excess of the 480 hours, as of the implementation of this policy in January of 2010, have been grandfathered in and, as such, continue to have those hours available to use according to the terms outlined in this policy.

FASB guidance states that an accrual is not required for an obligation related to employees' accumulating rights to receive compensation for future absences that are contingent upon the absences being caused by an employee's future illness. In addition to this contingent event, the low degree of reliability of estimates of the future sick pay and the cost of evaluating do not justify the requirement for such an accrual.

The Corporation also has a policy that allows for forty hours of vacation time to be carried forward to subsequent years. This liability is included in accrued salaries and benefits on the statement of financial position.

### Note 9. Retirement Plans

For administrative purposes, during a prior year, the Corporation merged its two 403(b) Retirement Plan options into one plan. The plan is a way for employees to prepare and save for retirement. Participation is voluntary and allows employees to choose from a variety of investment options.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Tax Deferred Annuity Plan: This option in the 403(b) Retirement Plan allows for employees to contribute with their own tax-deferred contributions and is available to all employees. Employees are eligible to begin participation on the first of the month following employment and are fully and immediately vested in the plan. This is a salary reduction plan only. During a prior year all amounts were paid out and no additional contributions to the plan have been made.

**Defined Contribution Plan:** Under the defined contribution option in the 403(b) Retirement Plan, to be eligible to participate an employee must be at least 21 years of age. Employees that are eligible can start contributing upon hire. The option in the plan includes a discretionary matching contribution component which is determined annually, based on the financial resources and budget of the Corporation. Employees become eligible for the matching contribution after a year of employment and 1,000 hours. The employer match contributions are tied to a three year vesting schedule with participants becoming fully vested after three years. Contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 amounted to \$122,695.

#### Note 10. Donated Goods and Services

Contributions of donated services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair values in the period received.

The Corporation received donated accounting and legal services amounting to \$12,591 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

### Note 11. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Corporation maintains its cash balances at various financial institutions. The Company's cash balances are insured up to \$250,000, per depositor at each financial institution. Deposits in excess of federally insured limits at June 30, 2020 were approximately \$1,008,000.

## Note 12. Fair Value Measurements

The Fair Value Measurements Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (FASB ASC 820-10) establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 - inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets at the
measurement date. The types of assets carried at level 1 fair value generally are securities listed in
active markets. The Corporation has valued their investments, listed on national exchanges at the
last sales price as of the day of valuation.

- Level 2 inputs are based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 inputs are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimates of
  assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The fair values are
  therefore determined using model-based techniques that include option-pricing models, discounted
  cash flow models, and similar techniques.

The inputs or methodology used for valuing investments are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those investments.

Financial assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis consist of the following at June 30, 2020:

	]	Level 3	
Assets:			
Cash	\$	696,982	\$ -
Domestic and international equities:			
Materials		21,222	-
Consumer cyclical		66,664	-
Financial services		86,539	-
Real estate		13,848	-
Consumer defensive		34,460	-
Healthcare		63,905	-
Utilities		10,917	-
Communication services		16,066	-
Energy		35,363	-
Industrials		62,065	-
Technology		100,152	-
Debt security - bonds		928,595	-
Contributions receivable		-	654,485
	\$	2,136,778	\$ 654,485

All assets have been valued using a market or income approach and have been consistently applied. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Prices may be indicated by pricing guides, sale transactions, market trades, or other sources.

Contributions receivable have been valued using an income approach and have been consistently applied. The income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to a single present amount based on current market expectations about the future amounts (includes present value techniques and option-pricing models). Net present value is an income approach where a stream of expected cash flows is discounted at an appropriate market interest rate.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Corporation has elected the fair value option for recording long-term contributions receivable. As a result of this election, contributions receivable are reported at fair value initially and in subsequent periods. This option simplifies the recordkeeping aspect of accounting for contributions receivable by eliminating the requirement to amortize the resulting discount.

	Contributions
	Receivable
Balance, ending of year ended June 30, 2019	\$ 689,966
Contributions	124,796
Payments received and bad debt write offs	(160,277)
Balance, ending of year ended June 30, 2020	\$ 654,485

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of an estimate of fair value of certain financial instruments. The Corporation's significant financial instruments are cash and other short-term assets and liabilities. For these financial instruments, carrying values approximate fair value.

#### Note 13. Endowment Funds and Net Assets

The Corporation adheres to the Other Presentation Matters section of the Presentation of Financial Statements for Not-for-Profit Organizations topic of the FASB ASC 958-205-45. FASB ASC 958-205-45 provides guidance on the net asset classification of donor-restricted endowment funds for a nonprofit organization that is subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA). FASB ASC 958-205-45 also requires additional disclosures about an organization's endowment funds (both donor-restricted endowment funds and board-designated endowment funds) whether or not the organization is subject to UPMIFA.

The State of New Hampshire enacted UPMIFA effective July 1, 2008, the provisions of which apply to endowment funds existing on or established after that date. The Corporation adopted FASB ASC 958-205-45 during the year ended June 30, 2011. The Corporation's endowment is comprised of two named funds and currently includes only donor-restricted endowment funds. As required by GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Trustees to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Board of Trustees of the Corporation has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Corporation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Corporation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed in UPMIFA.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with UPMIFA, the Corporation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the various funds
- (2) The purposes of the donor-restricted endowment funds
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the Corporation
- (7) The investment policies of the Corporation

Underwater Endowment Funds: From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Corporation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. The Corporation did not have any funds with deficiencies for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Investment Return Objectives, Risk Parameters and Strategies: The Corporation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment funds while also maintaining the purchasing power of those endowment assets over the long-term. Accordingly, the investment process seeks to achieve an after-cost total real rate of return, including investment income as well as capital appreciation, which exceeds the annual distribution with acceptable levels of risk.

According to this policy, endowment assets will be invested in a well-diversified asset mix that is intended to result in a consistent inflation-protected rate of return that has sufficient liquidity to yield an annual distribution of not more than 4%, while growing the funds if possible. Investment risk is measured in terms of the total endowment fund; investment assets and allocation between asset classes and strategies are managed to not expose the fund to unacceptable levels of risk.

Spending Policy: The Corporation has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year not more than 4% of its endowment fund's average fair market value over the twelve calendar quarters preceding the year to which the distribution applies. In establishing this policy, the Corporation considered the long-term expected return on its investment assets, the nature and duration of the individual endowment funds, many of which must be maintained in perpetuity based on donor restrictions, and the possible effects of inflation. The Corporation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment funds to grow at a nominal average rate, which is consistent with the Corporation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets as well as to provide additional real growth through investment return.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Without I Restric		With Donor Restrictions	Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$	- \$	345,808 \$	345,808

Endowment net assets as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Without I Restri		Vith Donor estrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2019	\$	- \$	360,324 \$	360,324
Unrealized loss on investment		-	(1,346)	(1,346)
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure		-	(13,170)	(13,170)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2020	\$	- \$	345,808 \$	345,808

# Note 14. Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

The Corporation's net assets without donor restrictions is comprised of the following:

June 30,	2020
Undesignated	\$ 4,179,966
Board designated for innovation campaign	30,192
Board designated investments	190,723
Board designated for general expenditures	 470,595
Total net assets without donor restrictions	\$ 4,871,476

The Board of Trustees voted to designate funds up to \$290,000 for various one-time expenses and investments to support the growth of the Corporation. These funds are included above in board designated for general expenditures.

#### Note 15. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions at June 30, 2020 consisted of investment principals maintained in perpetuity and the income earned may be used to support operations. Net assets of gifts and other unexpended revenues available for the following purposes:

June 30,	2020
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose or period:	
Grant proceeds with reversionary rights	\$ 37,382
Innovation campaign and fund	1,424,780
Justice grant	24,360
Opioid coverage	9,133
The Exchange and All Things Considered	422,427
By Degrees	53,864
Other programs	 19,885
Total subject to expenditure for specified purpose or period:	 1,991,831
Endowments subject to the Organization's spending	
policy and appropriation:	
Investments in perpetuity (original amounts of	
\$232,547 in 2019 and 2020), which once	
appropriated, is expendable to support:	
Any activities of the Organization	\$ 345,808
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$ 2,337,639

# Note 16. Annuity Agreements

In a prior year, the Corporation received correspondence from National Public Radio, Inc. regarding annuity agreements for which the Corporation has been named a beneficiary. Under these agreements, National Public Radio, Inc. will administer the gift annuities for a fee of 8% and the Corporation will receive the residual gifts. There were no amounts received under annuity agreements for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# Note 17. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The following reflects the Corporation's financial assets available to meet cash needs to general expenditures within one year as of the balance sheet date:

June 30,	 2020
Cash	\$ 2,182,753
Contributions receivable	654,485
Bequest receivable	1,667
Accounts receivable	338,960
Investments	 2,136,778
Total financial assets	5,314,643
Less amounts unavailable for general expenditures within one year, due to:	
Subject to appropriation and satisfaction of donor restrictions	 (1,924,845)
Amounts unavailable to management without Board's approval:	
Board designated for general expenditures	(470,595)
Board designated investments	(190,723)
Board designated for innovation campaign	 (30,192)
Total financial assets available to management	
for general expenditure within one year	\$ 2,698,288

To help manage unanticipated liquidity needs the Corporation has a committed line of credit of \$250,000, which it could draw upon. Additionally, the Corporation has Board Designated net assets without donor restrictions that, while the Corporation does not intend to spend these for purposes other than those identified, the amounts could be made available for current operations, if necessary.

#### Note 18. Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year summarized amounts to conform to the current year presentation. Such reclassifications have no effect on net assets or changes in net assets as previously reported.

# Note 19. Paycheck Protection Program Funds and COVID-19

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") was reported in China. The World Health Organization has declared COVID-19 to constitute a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern." This outbreak will affect virtually every industry and has created volatility in the stock markets throughout the world. Many federal and state governments have implemented numerous restrictions, mandated various closures and quarantine requirements in connection with the COVID-19 outbreak. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 on the Corporation's operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and the impact on the Corporation's customers, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In April 2020, the Corporation received \$1,031,200 in funds from the federal Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). The PPP is a loan designed to provide a direct incentive for small businesses to keep their workers on the payroll. SBA will forgive loans if all employees are kept on the payroll for the specified period of time and the money is used for payroll, rent, mortgage interest, or utilities. Any amounts not forgiven at the end of the program period convert into a loan with 1% interest, payable over 18 payments commencing on November 13, 2020. The AICPA released guidance on recording options and the Corporation has decided to record these funds under the government grant model (FASB ASC 958-605). The cash received under the PPP is recorded as a liability until the conditions are substantially met. When the Corporation has substantially met the conditions of the program and qualifying expenses are incurred, the cancellation of the liability is recorded as revenue. As of June 30, 2020, the Corporation had not yet met conditions on \$1,031,200 which is recorded as a liability on the statement of financial position. The Corporation expects to meet all conditions for forgiveness early in fiscal year 2021.

In the absence of this forgiveness, the debt matures as follows:

2021	\$ 513,726
2022	517,474
	\$ 1,031,200

### Note 20. Subsequent Events

The Corporation has evaluated subsequent events through November 18, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued, and have not evaluated subsequent events after that date. Subsequent to year-end the Corporation received a \$100,000 grant from the Lenfest institute for Journalism to be used to accelerate transition to digital sustainability for quality journalism. No other subsequent events were identified that would require disclosure in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020.